CATTO'S
WHISKY.
Now for sale at all
LEADING BARS, HOTELS
AND AT
All Wine Merchants.

The Bombay Gazette

No. 52,956—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, AUGUST 29, 1903. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.
BRAND Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.
SATURDAY 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1903.
*PENINSULAR ...	5294	A. G. Cubitt	29th Aug.
M. L. EGYPT	7912	J. R. Leadon ...	5th Sept.
*ORIENTAL	5284	E. Sclater	12th "
M. L. ARABIA	7963	T. Leigh	19th "
*PENINSULAR ...	5294	A. G. Cubitt	26th "
M. L. PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler...	3rd Oct.
*ORIENTAL	5284	E. Sclater	10th "
M. L. CALEDONIA ...	7558	C. H. S Tocque,	17th "
*PENINSULAR ...	5294	A. G. Cubitt....	24th "
M. L. MOLDAVIA ...	10009	E. H. Gordon ...	31st "

The Steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth, and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.
The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth, or London.

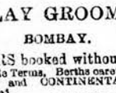
HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.
Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 P.M. and 1 P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.
Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return-Tickets are issued on favourable terms.
Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 12th August, 1903.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.



GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected. SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSPORTS got on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES stored or shipped.
DUCOULAY NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVERRIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on
			THURSDAY.
ARMAND-BEHIC...	6,635	Flandin	10th Sept. 1903.
DUMBEA	5,807	Le Coispellier ...	8th Oct. 1903.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Fiaschi	5th Nov. 1903.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.
The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

S. S. "NERA" 5,876 tons, Captain Chevalier, to sail on or about the 18th Sept. 1903
For further particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co,
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ, & PORT SAID.
DIRECT LINE,

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	P. Ivellich	4,119	1st Oct. 1903.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE....	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MARIA VALERIE.	P. Berberovich.	4,225	18th Sept. 1903
† NIPPON	.....	6,317	22nd Dec. 1903

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE.....	Rs. 401	Rs. 151.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.
1st Class Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 483. Saloon Rs. 600.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.
INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.
The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.
Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN, VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
NIPPON	.....	6,317	23rd Sept. 1903.

For further particulars regarding Passages
Apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent,
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate street, Fort, Bombay.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES
AT
REDUCED RATES.

FOR long PERIOD RETURN TICKETS by P. and O. and other Lines.
PASSAGES engaged by all Liners and Non-Liners FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.
SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Families, Missionaries and Railway Officials to London; also to Government Officials via China and America to Europe.
COOK'S INTERPRETERS meet and assist passengers at London, Marseilles, Genoa, and all Chief Towns of the world.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and ticket supplied from any part of the World to India.
COOK'S ORIENTAL GAZETTE containing Valuable Information for Travellers sent on Application.
PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received, forwarded to Inland against theft and all risks.
PACKAGES of every description stored, and shipped as cargo to all parts of the world at lowest rates; ESTIMATES on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS.
STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold.
DRAFTS, CIRCULAR NOTES & LETTERS OF CREDIT issued and REMITTANCES made.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO,

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on FRIDAY, the 4th Sept., at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI AND KARACHI.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on MONDAY, 31st August, at 10 a. m.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS, KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "GOALPARA," 2,100 tons, on TUESDAY, the 1st Sept., at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebander Cutch Mandvi, Karachi, Pashni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE, AND BUSREH.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,200 tons, on THURSDAY, 3rd September, at 10 a.m.

FOR PORBANDER, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, AND DURBAN.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,000 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 8th Sept., (with transhipment at Durban to Company's Steamers for East London, Port Elizabeth, and Cape Town.)

FOR MORMUGOA, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "LANDAURA," 3,300 tons, on or about TUESDAY, the 22nd Sept., (with transhipment at Delagoa Bay to Company's Steamers for Inhambane, Chinde, Quilimane, and Mozambique.)

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 28th August, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.
Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.
Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.
Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.
Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.
Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

ANCHOR LINE.

HENDERSON BROTHERS, LIMITED.

SPECIALLY REDUCED FARES.

ON January 1st, 1903, the Anchor Line made an all-round reduction on their Indian Service Fares, and their rates of Passage Money are now as follows:—

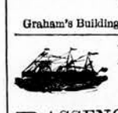
Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)....Rs. 550
Bombay to Marseilles..... " 525

Passengers proceeding to London from Marseilles are charged £5 extra for Railway Tickets at current rates of exchange on the fare to Marseilles. To New York, Rs. 706; Suez or Port Said, Rs. 350; London via Marseilles, Rs. 600.
Return Ticket to Liverpool (all the way by Sea), Rs. 850.
Bombay to London, via Marseilles, and back from Liverpool, Rs. 900.
Return Tickets are available for two years.
Besides the above reduction Concessions are also granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.
The Anchor Line have lately added several large new passenger steamers to their fleet, each carrying fifty to sixty First Class Passengers in large airy Cabins all situated on the Upper Deck. For comfort these steamers cannot be surpassed.
The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about thirty hours. Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced Stewardess and is fitted out with every comfort. All Cabins are on the Upper Deck.
The following sailings have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Captains.	Sailing about.
BRITANNIA	T. Blaikie	3rd Sept.
KALIBIA	H. Tait	30th Sept.
BOHEMIA	Hunt	7th Oct.
PERSIA	G. Mitchell	28th Oct.
CIRCASSIA	A. Haig	8th Nov.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by steamers between Karachi and Bombay. Passengers wishing to embark at Karachi can obtain through tickets via Bombay to Europe. Passengers must obtain the tickets for such passages before embarking from Messrs. D. GRAHAM & Co. Karachi, or from us.
For rates for steamers not carrying Surgeon and stewardess, or any other information regarding Passages, &c., apply to the Undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.



PASSENGER SEASON 1904.

PASSENGERS intending to proceed Home next year are advised to register their names as early as possible.
The Dates of through Regular Sailings will be as follows:—

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. Co.:—
9th and 23 January.
6th and 20th February.
5th and 19th March.
2nd, 16th and 30th April.
14th and 28th May.
11th and 25th June.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES Co.:—
28th January, 25th February, 24th March, 21st April, 19th May and 16th June.

AUSTRIAN LLOYDS:—
1st and 15th of each month, January to June.

RUBATTINO S. N. Co.:—
15th of each month.

ANCHOR LINE:—
Two Steamers a month, usually.

For further particulars please apply to
WILLIAM WATSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

Offices also at Calcutta, Karachi, London, Liverpool, Marseilles, Port Said, Capetown, Durban, and Johannesburg.

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS,
GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD.
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.
HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.
ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15), and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15), Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25), Double Harness (Rs. 50). Troublesome horses charged extra.
HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale; or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem. Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10 Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.
CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.
ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.
REPAIRS neatly executed with despatch and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS, Price 2 Annas, Can be had at the Bombay Samachar Office.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

CORSTORPHAN'S HOTEL, SIMLA.

ON THE MALL FACING THE SNOWS.
Opposite His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's Residence.

WITHIN five minutes' walk of the Church, Town Hall and Post and Telegraph Offices, Married Quarters — Bachelors' Block — Billiard Table — Tennis Court.

For terms and particulars please apply to
NORMAN CORSTORPHAN,
MANAGER AND PROPRIETOR.
Manager Hotel Metropole, Simla, 1899 to 1902.

THE DENSMORE TYPEWRITER.

WHAT IS NEW
SOLID, ONE-PIECE FRAME.
WIDE BALL BEARINGS at Typebars.
TWO SHIFT KEYS, two Shifts each.
BACK SPACER KEY.
AUTOMATIC RIBBON REVERSE.
WHEEL ESCAPEMENT, giving ordinary and speed action.
POINTER, showing vertical and lateral position of the writing.
UNIQUE PAPER REGULATOR.
JUSTIFIER to condense a word or line.
AUTOMATIC PAPER RELEASE.
PAPER FEEDING GUIDES.
BALL-BEARINGS, added at many places.

SOLE AGENTS:
ORIENTAL COMMERCIAL AGENCY,
50-52, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

DR. MACINN SAYS—

If a man suffers with nervo-vital debility, weakness or incapability, he becomes discontented, unhappy, and loses the energy and push so necessary to success in life; that lost or failing vitality causes untold misery to both married and single men. By his scientific exclusive methods of treatment he guarantees a cure and restoration to health and vigour. Age or cause no impediment. No failures. 30 years' experience. All special complaints, Blood, Skin, Bladder, Kidneys, Hydrocele, Rupture, Varicocele, Piles, etc., treated with skill and success by Dr. MACINN, M.D., L.M.C., L.S.B., M.E., U.S.A. Registered and licensed by Medical Board of United States Government. Successful cures by correspondence. All letters answered. Strictest confidence. Address: J. A. MACINN, M.D., 61, Dharamtala Street, Calcutta.

Of Course you require the BEST Cup of Tea possible.
THEREFORE YOU SHOULD DRINK ONLY
BRITANNIA BRAND TEAS
(KANGRA VALLEY)
which are undoubtedly the BEST and CHEAPEST
And are specially selected from the CHOICEST GROWTHS OBTAINABLE.

TEA AND COFFEE MART,
0, 82, 84, HORNBY ROAD,
FORT, BOMBAY.

RATNER SAFE CO., LD.,

OF LONDON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TWELVE CORNER BENT
FIRE, FALL, AND THIEF RESISTING SAFES.

WE have received a large consignment of these SAFES to be SOLD at the Wholesale Prices. Apply to the Undersigned, at their Office, 67, Meadow Street, Fort.

PURSHOTAM VISHRAM & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.
Bombay, July, 1903.

THE ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES and TEN LAKHS
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rates are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its Establishment.

Unsurpassed in ADVANTAGES, and LIBERALITY to POLICYHOLDERS.

Safest and Best Organization for Policyholders of any Indian Company.

Claims paid immediately upon receipt of satisfactory proof.

ENDOWMENTS
AND
ANNUITIES
ON
SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application to the Company's Office,
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

ARIEL CYCLES.

Rs. 200 CASH OR HIRE PURCHASE SYSTEM.
ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET ON APPLICATION.
CYCLE CAPES FOR THE MONSOON
FOOTBALLS, CRICKET BALLS,
HOT WATER BOTTLES
AND
RUBBER GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTION.
FRESH STOCK OF CARRIAGE RUBBER NOW ON SHOW.
INSPECTION INVITED. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

SOLE AGENTS:
THE CORONATION CYCLE
AND
RUBBER GOODS DEPOT,
POONA: Messrs. PRIEST & Co. HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY. CALCUTTA: Messrs. MAUD & Co.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

(ESTABLISHED 1856).

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LD.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
now merged in the ROYAL INSURANCE, CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

THE TWO BEST
INDIAN CIGARS
IN ASIA
ARE
BOUQUETS
AND
LIGHT OF ASIA
CIGARS.
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU
OF THIS.
McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS.
WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

P. & O. PASSENGERS
KNOW AND APPRECIATE
CATTO'S
WHISKY.
NOW FOR SALE AT LEADING BARS, HOTELS,
AND AT
FELICE CORNAGLIA. D. C. COMRIGUR. | MONGINI BROS. J. F. KUTHOKE. | W. B. GREEN & Co. D. D. BARIA.
ALSO
AT ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

A CATECHISM

ON the Piano worthy of being incorporated in every Book of Instructions for the Pianoforte.

Q. Which Firm of Stuttgart Piano Manufacturers is best known in India?
A. Schiedmayer and Soehne, Stuttgart.
Q. Which is the Oldest Established Firm of Piano Manufacturers in Stuttgart bearing such a name?
A. Schiedmayer and Soehne, Stuttgart.
Q. Which Firm of this name is the Original or Foundation Firm?
A. Schiedmayer and Soehne, Stuttgart.
Q. Which Firm of this name has been exporting Pianos to India for the last 50 years?
A. Schiedmayer and Soehne, Stuttgart.
Q. How old is the Original Firm of Schiedmayer and Soehne?
A. Over One Hundred and Twenty years and must not be confounded with a Firm of recent date bearing a name similar to the Foundation or Original Firm.
Q. Has the Firm of Schiedmayer and Soehne been awarded any Exhibition Awards?
A. Yes. First Prize Medals at the World's Greatest International Exhibitions, and the Highest Award over All Exhibitors, a Gold Medal at the London Inventions Exhibition.
Q. Why have Pianos by Schiedmayer and Soehne, Stuttgart, a peculiar interest for Pianoforte Purchasers?
A. For some reason which it is impossible to explain, the Schiedmayer and Soehne Pianos have attracted the taste of the Piano Playing and Piano Purchasing Public. It may be the Price, it may be the Style; it may be for Sterling Qualities, or perhaps for the Combination.
Q. What have Schiedmayer and Soehne's Pianos to recommend them for the Climate of India?
A. An Uninterrupted Record of 50 years' experience of the climate and how Pianos should be built for India have secured for Schiedmayer and Soehne's Pianos the Premier position as Pianos best suited for India, while the Musical Qualities of Tone, Touch, Power and Capability of standing well in Tune are appreciated in Thousands of Homes in India at the present day.
Q. Who are the Sole Agents for the sale of these Pianos?
A. MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA,
ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR
SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE.

WHISKY! WHISKY! WHISKY!

SAMUEL BIRCH & CO.'S
BLACK BOTTLE TRIPLE DISTILLED
PURE MALT SCOTCH WHISKY
Now being supplied to the Royal Cellars and Leading Clubs.
Price Rs. 30 per case of one dozen bottles.
A TRIAL SOLICITED.

W. CROWDER AND CO., LD.,
AGENTS, BOMBAY.

"MUSAFFI" PILLS

OF CASCARA AND MAYAPPLE
according to HUXLEY'S approved formula.
They "WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP"
For BILIOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHES, INDIGESTION,
as a Purgative, 2 to 3 Pills on going to bed.
For CONSTIPATION and DYSPEPSIA
as a LAXATIVE and DINNER PILL, one for a dose.
100 Pills (sold in Bottles) for 12 Annas, plus 3 Annas for V. P. P.

BOMBAY AGENTS:
ESAFALLY HIPTOLLA,
ABDOOL REHMAN ST., BOMBAY.
UP-COUNTRY AGENTS WANTED.

WEDDING CAKES, Artistically Decorated and Almond Iced, made to any size, at Re. 1-8 per lb.
WEDDING CAKE ORNAMENTS, Each Ornament complete with Bouquet, from Re. 1 to 25 each. (A large selection to choose from.)
WEDDING CAKE STANDS: Designs submitted and made to order.
WEDDING CRACKERS, from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3-8 per box.
WEDDING FAVORS, (with Satin Ribbon and Flowers).
WEDDING FLAGS, White Silk, As. 12 and Re. 1 each.
WEDDING CAKE WREATHS, a beautiful assortment.
WEDDING CAKE BOXES, in four sizes, from Re. 1 per dozen.
CONFETTI, Etc. Etc. Etc.
AT
MONGINI BROTHERS
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CONTRACTORS
25—27, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE No. 325

IF YOU WISH TO INSURE YOUR LIFE

THEN ADDRESS a Post Card to us (K. B. Sharma) by putting down on the Post Card the name of a Bird or Animal.
We will send you the incidence of your FUTURE LIFE. It will contain all the facts, which you have undergone, and the things which you are experiencing at present, the condition in which you will be placed in future. It will further contain the profit or loss from speculations and races, happiness and misery, when the fortune will be favourable to you, what kinds of progeny you will have, how long you will live, whether you will derive benefit from a particular trade or profession, what kinds of marks are there on your body, on your hands and feets, and what kinds of fruits you will reap from them.
Besides it will contain the aspect of your life beneficial to Men and Women alike.
My language is such that everybody will easily understand it. The cost of the work will be Rs. 5-4 including V. P. charges.
If these statements do not agree with the facts already experienced, we shall pay back the money.
ASTROLOGER PANDIT K. B. SHARMA,
Bombay Out-Fort, Abdul Rahman Street, Opposite Alaibag, Tramway Road.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.
They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

GUARANTEED
CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES,
ELEPHANT BRAND.
Superior to any Imported in India.
CHALLENGE COMPANY'S
COUPE & Co.'s SPECIAL WHEELS
Suitable for 2 and 4 wheeled Carriages.
APPLY
GOVINDJEE MADHOWJEE & Co.
67, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

CRUSHED FOOD FOR HORSES.

BEST CRUSHED HORSE FOOD prepared by machinery from wholesome and fresh. First of its kind in Bombay. At Rs. 4½ per cwt. Delivered free in Bombay.
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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

RECOGNITION OF PUBLIC SERVICES OF THE *JAM-E-JAMSHED.*

A GENERAL FEELING has been expressed by the Parsee Communities of Bombay and the country that the RECENT SUCCESS of the "Jam-e-Jamshed" in the DHOOWAN CASE is a fitting occasion to recognise its various Public Services extending over a period of 73 years, especially in the interests of the Parsee Community.

The recent Bulsar Dhoowana case has shown that the "Jame Jamshed" has performed a public duty for the benefit of the Community at great trouble and expense. It is the general wish that Independent Journals, who stand up courageously at considerable self-sacrifice for the good of the public, should be shown that their efforts are not passed on without proper recognition.

With a view to encourage our Press to perform its public duties fearlessly and justly the following gentlemen have formed themselves into a Committee to congratulate the "Jame-Jamshed" on its recent success and to recognise its numerous services at a PUBLIC DINNER.

THE COMMITTEE.

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Yours faithfully,

HORMUSJI MANEKJI MASSINA,
JEHANGIR BOMONJI PETIT,
RUSTOM PESTONJI JEHANGIR,
Honorary Secretaries.

NOTICE.

IF this should meet the eye of WILLIAM LAWRENCE, the son of ARTHUR and HARRIET LAWRENCE, Brook Street, Liverpool, who sailed from Liverpool some 57 years ago, SISTER LUCY would be thankful to receive any news.

She heard rumours that he had married a Black Lady and built the "Bombay Theatre," she also heard that he died some 15 years ago, but no proof of it to hand. Apply Box "No. 893 A," Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

PANCHGANI HIGH SCHOOL,

PRINCIPAL of the Boys' Department, Rev. G. WILLIAMS, M. A. Oriel Principal of the Girls' Department.

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"Bombay Gazette" Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

FOUR PER CENT. DEBENTURE LOAN, 1903.

Rs. 16,00,000.

WITH the Sanction of the Government of India and under the provisions of Section 39-42 of the Bombay Port Trust Act 1879, and of Section 2 of Act I of 1881, and of Act I of 1899, the Trustees of the Port of Bombay invite TENDERS for PORT TRUST DEBENTURES to the extent in the aggregate of Rs. 16 Lakhs.

The Trustees reserve to themselves the right of refusing Tenders if they consider the rates offered to be too low, but, subject to this reservation, allotments will be made in full to the highest Tenderers, and rateably to the Tenderers offering the Lowest Rate accepted by the Trustees.

These Debentures will be issued for sums of Rs. 500 or multiples of Rs. 500, as may be required; they will be repayable at par in thirty years, and will bear interest at 4 per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly on the 1st March and 1st September.

2 per cent. of the amount tendered must be deposited on application and the balance on or before Saturday, 31st October, 1903.

Interest will accrue from the date of payment in full.

The deposit of 2 per cent. will be returned (but no interest will be allowed) to no allotment is made, and it will be forfeited if an allotment is not fully taken up on the last date named.

Tenders will be received by the Secretary, Port Trust, up to one o'clock P.M. on Friday, the 11th September, 1903, and they will thereafter be opened in the presence of the Chairman of the Port Trust.

Printed Forms of Tender can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Port Trust, at whose Office a form of the debenture to be issued can be seen.

Under Clause 41 of the Port Trust Act, 1879, the interest on these Debentures will form a charge on the Trustees' revenue PRIOR to the charge of interest on any portion of the Trustees' debt to Government which may, from time to time, be owing.

In accordance with the power contained in Section 23 clause (f) of the Indian Trusts Act 1882, the Bombay High Court has passed a rule declaring that Trust property consisting of money may be invested in Debentures issued by the Trustees of the Port of Bombay under the Bombay Port Trust Act (Bombay Act VI of 1879), until further order.

By Order of the Trustees,
H. E. HART,
Secretary.

Bombay, 23th August, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,
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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Handles payable in Bombay received without charge.

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The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
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Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1896 and 1902 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1895 and 1902, respectively.
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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

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WILL TAKE PLACE
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On FRIDAY, the 4TH SEPTEMBER, at 9 P.M.

Subscriptions (Limited to Rs. 30) are invited and should be sent to the Honorary Secretaries at 1, Forbes Street, Bombay.

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IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA,
RUSTUMJEE BYRAMJEE JEEJEEBHOY,
ARTHUR LESLIE,
Hony. Secretaries.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ON and after the 1st September, 1903, the Trains on the MORMUGAO-CASTLE-ROCK Section WILL RUN to the following Timings :—

	MAIL.	MIXED.
Mormugao Harbour ..... Dep.	6 0	11 25
Colem ..... Arr.	8 23	17 08
..... Dep.	8 32	.....
Castle-Rock ..... Arr.	10 14	.....
	MAIL.	MIXED.
Castle-Rock ..... Dep.	14 30	.....
Colem ..... Arr.	16 3	.....
..... Dep.	16 23	5 55
Mormugao ..... Arr.	18 45	10 12

W. B. WRIGHT,
Traffic Manager.

Dharwar, 24th August, 1903.

THE PORT CANNING AND LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE—THE THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company, will be held at its Registered Office, No. 8, Forbes Street, on THURSDAY, the 24th day of September, 1903, at 4-30 P.M., to transact the following business :—

1.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Balance-Sheet for the year ending 31th April, 1903.
2.—To declare a Dividend.
3.—To confirm the appointment made by the Board of Mr. J. Owens as a Director of the Company.
4.—To elect two Directors in the place of those who go out by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
5.—To appoint Auditors for the year ending 30th April, 1904, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 11th September to 24th September, 1903, both days inclusive, and during that period the Books of the Company will be available for inspection by Shareholders during office hours.

By Order,
PEROSHAW B. R. MODY,
Manager.

Bombay, 27th August, 1903.

POONA 9TH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 5TH SEPTEMBER, 1903.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P. M., on MONDAY, 31st August, 1903.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 25th August, 1903.

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NEW BOOKS.

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Oppert's Origiual Inhabitants of Bharatavarsa or India	13 8
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Leadbeater's Other side of Death	4 8
Nadkarni's Journal of a Visit to Europe	5 0
Lipsett's Lord Curzon in India, 1898-1903	1 9
Bose's Hindu Philosophy	3 12
Do. Brahmoism	3 4
Hodgson's Rama and the Monkeys	1 2
Hoffman's Psychology and Common Life	3 12
Haldane's Pathway to Reality, Gifford Lectures for 1902-1903	7 14
Duff's Spinoza's Political and Ethical Philosophy	7 14
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Orr's David Hume and his Influence on Philosophy and Taeology	1 14
Ritchie's Plato	1 14
Max Orell's Rambles in Womanland	2 4
Do. Between Ourselves	2 4
Do. Her Royal Highness Woman	2 4
Do. Woman and Artist	2 4
Thackeray's Hoggarty Diamond	2 4
Newcomb's Astronomy for Everybody	7 8
Kilbey's Hand Camera Photography	1 8
Barton's How to Choose a Horse	1 8
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Mollison's Text Book on Indian Agriculture, 3 vols.	7 8
Wilman's Conquest of Death	2 10
Crosland's Unspeakable Scot	0 12
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Lovell's Concentration	1 8

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Addison's Law of Contract, 1903	23 14
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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

IT is requested that all Enquiries in connection with accommodation at the Apollo Bandar on the occasion of the departure of His Excellency Lord Northcote of Exeter, may be made to the Undersigned IN WRITING ONLY, giving full Address when a reply or Card is asked for.

H. V. R. KEMBALL, C. E.,
Executive Engineer Presidency.
Executive Engineer's Office, Presidency District,
Bombay, 22th August, 1903.

NOTICE is hereby given that a CERTIFICATE No. 9911 for ONE SHARE No. 1636 in the BANK OF BOMBAY originally issued in the name of Mangoldas Tribhowandas and last ENDORSED to PHIROZSHA HORMUSJI GHEESTA and two CERTIFICATES No. 3383 and 1133, in the BOMBAY FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED; one DEBENTURE No. 195 of the ELPHINSTONE CRICKET CLUB and a LIFE POLICY No. 3961, not dealt with, anyway, of the ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE Company, Limited, all endorsed to the Undersigned have been STOLEN or LOST, or MISLAID. Due Notices thereof have been given to the Bank and the abovementioned Companies and all persons WARNED against DEALING with the said Certificates and Policy in any way.

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THE LOCOMOTIVE SUPERINTENDENT,
East Indian Railway, Jamalpur.

Jamalpur, 21st August, 1903.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that our client DEWCURAN MOOLJI, has contracted TO PURCHASE the undermentioned property from CHUNILAL FAKIRCHAND.

All persons having any claim thereto by way of inheritance, sale, lease, mortgage, charge, gift or otherwise howsoever are requested to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office, No. 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, within fourteen days from this day otherwise the said transaction will be completed without reference to such claim if any and such claims shall be considered to have been waived.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being in Vithalwady Cross Lane, otherwise known as Sukkodi Lane outside the Fort, in the Island and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement seventy-one square yards or thereabouts, be the same, little more or less, and bearing Collector's Old No. 1.6, New No. 1101, Old Survey No. 1.6, and New Survey No. 1098, and bounded on or towards the East by the property of Haji Hassam Haji Aodoola Noorance, on or towards the West by the property of Lindhur Sundarji, on or towards the South by the property of Narondas Ranji and on or towards the North by the said Vithalwady Cross Lane or Sukkodi Lane and which said tenements are assessed by the Municipality under C. Ward No. 272, and Street No. 5 and are now in the occupation of the vendor and his tenants.—Dated this 25th day of August, 1903.

EDGELOW, GULABCHAND & WADIA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

THE HINDUSTAN PRESSING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 8th ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Hindustan Pressing and Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at Sirdar's Palace, Apollo Street, Fort, on FRIDAY, the 4th September, 1903, at 4 P.M., to transact the following business :—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance-Sheet made up to the year ending 31st July, 1903.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director in the room of the Director who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board,
MUNCHERSHAH N. CHANDABHOY & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

Bombay, 25th August, 1903.

NOTICE.

THE attention of the PUBLIC is drawn to the fact that instances have come to the notice of the Undersigned in which landowners and property-holders have been in the habit of obtaining LEASES for LANDS, SHOPS, &c., on insufficiently Stamped Documents or have been USING INDIA REVENUE POSTAGE STAMPS when getting the Leases to execute them. As such a procedure is in contravention of the Stamp Law and constitutes an offence under the provisions of the Stamp Act, the public are warned against continuing the practice, and their attention is drawn to the penal Sections of the Stamp Act.

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NOTICE.

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SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Age next Birthday
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to			Payable at death, or in				
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years

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NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £450,000

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Calcutta,	Delhi,	Gawnpore,	Kandy.
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar.
Kurrachee,	Rangoon,	Newara Eliya,	Mombassa
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The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

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ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

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Sterling Reserve Fund .....$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund .....$ 6,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ...$ 100,00,000

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RESERVE FUND £725,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£80,000

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Madras,	Penang (on Europe)	Shanghai.
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Colombo,	Batavia	Hankow.
Penang,	Samarang.	Yokohama.
Kandy,	Sourabaya.	Kobe.
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JOHN SPIVEN,
Agent.

Bombay Agency, Esplanade.

BANK OF CALCUTTA LIMITED

CAPITAL.

Subscribed.....Rs 15,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... „ 15,50,000
Uncalled Capital ..... „ 5,00,000

DIRECTORS:

Mr. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
„ H. R. McINNES, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
„ NORMAN McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
„ D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent. per annum allowed on the Daily Balances.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at the following rates of interest:—

	Per Annum
For 2 Years.....	5 Per cent.
„ 1 Year.....	4 „
„ 6 Months.....	4 „
„ 3 Months.....	3 „

The Bank offers special Facilities and Advice to Constituents as to the Purchase and Sale of all Indian Securities, and particularly the Shares and Debentured Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

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For further Information apply to—

D. KING,
Agent.

Calcutta, 3rd February, 1903.
LONDON BRANCH:
GREAT WINCHESTER STREET E.C.

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HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA

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9 to 12 Months 5 „ „
6 Months 4½ „ „

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F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Bombay, 16th July, 1903.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 34,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL ..... „ 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... „ 9,650,000

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, AUGUST 27.

SECURITIES—

2½ per cent. Consols	90 9/16	= — 5/16
3 per cent. Bonds	97 1/2	= — 1/4
3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan	107 1/2	= unchanged
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	65 7/8	= — 1/16

SILVER—

Spot in London	25 15/16	= — 1/4
2 months bence	25 13/16	= — 1/4
Spot in New York	56	= — 1/8

EXCHANGES—

Paris cheques	25 15 1/2	= unchanged
Berlin „	20 37 3/4	= — 1/2
New York Demand	48 5 7-8	= unchanged

DISCOUNT—

Banks of sight Bank Bills ...	3 pr ct	= do
3 months sight Bank Bills ...	2 7-8 pr ct	= do
6 „ „ „ „ ...	3 3-8 pr ct	= do
3 „ „ Fine Trade Bills	3 1-4 pr ct	= + 1/8
6 month sight Fine Trade Bills	3 7-8 pr ct	= + 1/8

INTEREST—

Day to day loans	1 3-4 pr ct	= + 1-4
7 day market loans	2 1-8 pr ct	= + 1-4

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £1,50,000.

Extra Council Bill's allotments on Calcutta, Rs. 2,00,000 at 1/- 4 1-32d.

Rubber, —Para Rubber, 4s. 3d.

Wheat, —Club No. 1, 31 1-4.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujerat 34s. 3-4d. August-Sept. Buyers.

Rapeseed,—Yellow Cawnpore, 34 3-4, August-Sept. Sellers.

Rapeseed,—Brown 35 Aug.-Sept. Sellers, Tone firmer.

Linseed Boild, 37 5-8, Aug.-Sept. Business done. Tone easier.

Liverpool—

Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet. Manchester firm. Total sales 7,000. Spot 6·80 plus 4 Sold on speculation and for export 500. Imports all Arrivals closed quiet.

	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
	5·48	5·66	5·67	5·66
	+2	+5	+3	+3
	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	April-May.
	5·51	5·59	5·49	5·48	5·48
	+3	+3	+2	+2	+2

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	1,000 bales.
Do. last year	11,000 „
Exports to Great Britain	Nil „
Do. do Continent	Nil „
Mid-Uplands	9·75 unchanged.
Futures, month of Dec.	10·13 —7
Do. do. March	10·12 —6

In New Orleans—

Spot	12 1-8
Futures, month of Sept.	11,10 —12
Do. do. December	9·10 —11
Tone at close	Easy.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat, and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m. on Thursday, 27th August, 1903:—

Cotton	397 bales.
Wheat	13,967 owts.
Linseed	3,137 „
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	3,997 „
Gingelly seed	Nil „
Poppyseed	2,238 „
Groundnuts	27 „
Castorseed	2,332 „
Rice	99,364 „
Myrabollams	1,911 „
Cottonseed	8,895 „

BOMBAY, AUGUST 28.

COTTON.—The feature of the week under review has been the sharp rise in New Crop prices in America. The advance is the more noticeable, as showing that all is not going so well with the New Crop as was anticipated. Although there has been a reaction the last two days the following comparisons in prices show the extent of the late rise.

In New York 20th August.		27th August.	
Mid Uplands	12·75	12·75	unchanged
Futures, month of Dec.	9·77	10·13	+36
„ March	9·77	10·12	+35
In New Orleans 20th August		27th Aug.	
Spots	12 5-8	12 1-2	—1-8
Futures, month of Sept.	10·10	11·10	+20
„ „ December	9·02	9·90	+28

It is to be hoped that whatever the cause of the advance may be, the conditions will change later on as should any material damage be done to the growing Crop in America, the results would be to severely hamper the Cotton trade in the coming season.

The local Market for Ready Cotton has been firm during the week, and as selection becomes more difficult, holders of nice lots are obtaining considerable concessions. There has been a good demand from all sides, Exports to Europe and Japan having been in the Market and the local Mills being keen buyers. A fairly large business has resulted, and prices are from Rs. 5 to Rs. 6 higher than last week. In New Crop prices have advanced Rs. 7 to Rs. 10 during the interval, and both Export houses and Mills have come out as buyers. Fine Damangaum Poolgaum, for December-January delivery, has been done at Rs. 207, and Khangaum, Akola Fine, Good Staple, for the same delivery has changed hands at Rs. 209. Mills are reported to have taken up one or two lots of fine M.-G. Bengals, December-January delivery, at Rs. 192 (Mill terms). Khandeish, Fully-Good, for December-January, was also taken up by Mills at Rs. 187, and Fine Rajputans, December-January, at Rs. 192 (mill terms).

We quote to-day:—

		Rs.	Delivery.
Fine	M G Broach	241	25 Mar Nominal.
Good	„	231	„
Fine	„ Bengals	189	Dec-Jan
Fine	„ Scinde Punjab	187	„
Fine	„ Damangaum Poolgam ...	206	„
„	„ Khangaum Akola F. S. ...	208	„
„	„ Khangaum Akola G. S. ...	209	„
„	„ Oomrawuttee	202	„
„	„ H G Bengals	187	„
Fully Good	„	178	25 Jan.
„	M G Khandeish	187	Dec-Jan

WEATHER AND CROP REPORT.—The reports this week are satisfactory, and good rain has fallen, where most needed, in the United Provinces, Cawnpore, Agra, and Allahabad have all had excellent rain, and the reports coming in from all sides continue most encouraging. Cotton plants are flourishing everywhere, and Khadeish, Kathiawar, and Gujerat all report favourable progress. Private advices from the Punjab state that a break is needed there, as the weather has been rather unfavourable this week owing to too much rain.

LINSEED.—During the interval there has been little change in this market, and the price has remained at about Rs. 6-8-0, at which rate business has been done. At the close the market is rather easier with buyers from Rs. 6-7-6 to Rs. 6-8.

RAPESEED.—The Market has been steady during the week with a small business doing at unchanged rates. We quote at the close:—

Brown Cawnpore	Rs. 5 6 0	per cwt,
Yellow Cawnpore	„ 5 13 0	„
Yellow Guzerat	„ 5 14 0	„

POPPYSEED.—A moderate business has been done at Rs. 6-6 to Rs. 6-5-6, the latter being the closing rate.

CASTORSEED.—Only a small business has been done during the week, the price having remained steady at Rs. 21-8 for Madras, and the Market closes at that rate.

WHEAT.—The Market has been firm during the interval, but the demand has been moderate, and we close at the following prices with little doing:—

Pissi, 91 per cent.	Rs. 31 per candy
Club, No. 1	„ 30-8 „
Hard, Red	„ 24 „

FREIGHTS.—During the week the Market has been dull, with but little demand for this or next month. Business has been done for Hamburg at 13s. 3d. for September and afterwards at 13s. For September-October 13s. has been booked, open ports.

The following charters are reported:—

Buenaria, for Liverpool and one other port at 13s.
Laughaig, September loading two mediterranean ports, at 12s. 6d.

EXCHANGE.—The Market has remained very steady at 1s. 4d. for Bank Wire and 1s. 4d. for Bank Demand, with an occasional advance for the latter.

The enquiry is limited, and Banks are keener buyers than merchants of anything good offering. Export bills are as scarce as before but other markets provide a little. Council Bills sold at the same price as last week. We look for a maintenance of present prices, and a gradual improvement in business as the season is, at present, most promising.

The following changes occurred in the Bank of Bombay statement this week as compared with the previous week:—

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits	4,28,852	Decrease.
Other Deposits	75,99,083	Increase.
Sundries	11 803	Increase.

ASSETS.

Government Securities ...	6,927	Decrease.
Other Authorized Securities ...	19,99,891	Incr ase.
Credits on Securities ...	3,54,370	Decrease.
Loans do, ...	5,56,302	Increase.
Bills discounted & purchased ...	19,63,811	Decrease.
Balance with other Banks ...	57,337	Increase.
Sundries	574	Decrease.
Cash	68,94,819	Increase.

The Bank of Bengal Weekly Cash Balance is 50 lakhs up and the Bank rate has been reduced one per cent. It now stands at 3 per cent. per annum. The Bank of Bombay Bank rate remains unchanged at 3 per cent. per annum. The Weekly Cash Balance of the Bank of Madras is 8 lakhs up and the rate remains unchanged at 4 per cent. per annum.

The mail of the 14th instant brings £40,000 silver and £40,000 gold and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs. 23,50,000
Bombay	„ 15,80,000
Madras	„ 2,30,000
	Rs. 47,60,000

The mail of the 21st instant brings £80,000 silver and £30,000 gold and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs. 30,70,000
Bombay	„ 11,70,000
Madras	„ 10,000
	Rs. 42,50,000

The mail of the 28th August brings £210,000 silver and £60,000 gold, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs. 23,70,000
Bombay	„ 11,20,000
Madras	„ 6,20,000
	Rs. 44,10,000

At the weekly allotment of Council Bills on Wednesday last 43/10 lakhs were allotted at 1s. 4d. The minimum rate received 23 per cent. A small extra allotment was given on Bombay of 80 lakhs at 1s. 4 1-32d. Telegraphic Transfers were allotted to the extent of 6·90 lakhs at 1s. 4 1-32d. The amount to be allotted next week remains at 5½ lakhs.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Probably chiefly owing to a bull in the exciting International news with which Reuter has been regaling the public of late, operators in Government Paper during the last week, become much more confident. After the last mail left buying became persistent, with the result that 3 1-2 per cent. Paper touched as high as 99 1-8 for the 1st September settlement. At that point a reaction set in, caused probably by some timid speculators realizing profits, so that quotations have again fallen to 98 7-8 for the settlement. During the week the Bank of Bengal lowered its rate for Demand Loans to 3 per cent which at once became a good point for the "bullish" section of the public. Money remains so easy that there seems little fear of lower rates for Paper for some time to come. The probable cause of the fall to-day is to be found in the Reuter's advice that Consols fell 5-16 yesterday, as for some considerable time our Paper Market has been particularly sensitive whenever there have been weak advices regarding the Premier security. There has been a fair business in other securities such as Municipal and Improvement Trust Bonds. The latter have changed hands during the week at 101 1-2.

	Repayable.	Rate.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust ...	1923	101 1-2
4 per cent „ „ ...	1930	101 1-2
4 per cent „ „ ...	1932	101 1-2
4 per cent Bombay Municipal ...	1921	100
4 per cent „ „ ...	1940	101
5 per cent „ „ ...	Tanna	115
5 per cent „ „ ...	Sanitary	115
4 per cent Bo. Improvt Trust ...	1939	101 1-8
4 per cent „ „ ...	1961	101-8

Prices of Bullion:—

English Bar Silver, ex-duty, ready	Rs.	66 12-0
Do. do. 1st Settlement	„	66 4 -0
Do. do. 2nd do.	„	66 4 -0
English Bar Gold, ready	„	24-1 -0

In a rising market banks sold a fairly large amounts of silver during the current week. During the week prices improved about Re. 1-8 owing to speculative demand backed by stronger advices from London and America. Prices are keeping steady owing to the idea of the Indian Government coming in to the London Markets to buy silver for forward delivery. We opened at Rs. 65-3, Rs. 64-14, and Rs. 64-13 and close as above.

PIECEGOODS.—There has been a fair demand for goods generally, but prices continue unchanged with however a rising tendency. Some forward business is reported to have been done, but Manchester is gradually rising and some quotations are higher than last week's. The general feeling is for a rise here, and brisk demand from up country shortly.

The Yarn market during the past week has been active, and large sales have been made at an advance of 1s. 8½ per lb. At the close the market is firm at the advanced rates paid.

METALS.—The Market for COPPER and YELLOW METAL is quiet but steady, and no fresh business has been done with traders. Few resales have been made between dealers at under home equivalents. In IRON and STEEL the market is very quiet, with little doing except a small business in Hoops for early shipment. SPELTER is steady with a small business doing. QUICK-SILVER is also in some demand, but PIGLEAD is dull and neglected.

COALS.—Market quiet with only a small retail business at previous rates.

SHARES.—The market has been steady with an upward tendency during the week. Bank of Bombay shares are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 1,275 and Commercial Bank shares at Rs. 40. In mill shares Centrals have improved to Rs. 1,690 and Swadeshis to Rs. 830, Colaba Land and Mill shares are unchanged at Rs. 415 Currimbhais have changed hands at Rs. 720 Chinas at Rs. 630, and Davids at Rs. 275. City of Bombay Mill shares are in demand at Rs 750. Empress are steady at Rs. 175. Connaughts at Rs. 340, Howard and Bullough at Rs. 315. James Greaves have changed hand at Rs. 250. Imperials are steady at Rs 80, Jamshed have gone up to Rs. 102 1-2. Manekji Petits went up to Rs. 2,350 during the week and have again declined to Rs. 2,322. Morarjees are steady at Rs. 1,650 and Solapurs at Rs. 1,875. Southern Maharthas are unchanged at Rs. 132 1-2. Standard have advanced to Rs. 350. Kohinoors are in demand at Rs. 340. Hindustan have improved to Rs. 410. Framjee Petits have gone up to Rs. 665. Presidency Mill shares are steady at Rs. 690, Queen Mill at Rs. 565, and Ripon at Rs. 575. Sassoon Silk Mill shares have advanced to Rs. 525. In Press shares Mofussils in the middle part of the week were reported to have changed hands at Rs. 575 and to-day they have improved to Rs. 585. New Indians and New Berars are unchanged at Rs. 165 and Rs. 582 1-2. Volkarts at Rs. 1,000, Hingolees at Rs. 170, and Harvey and Subapathy at Rs. 700. In Railway companies, Tapti's are quiet and unchanged at Rs. 440, and Ahmedabad Prantij at Rs. 500. In the miscellaneous list Alcocks have changed hands at Rs. 264. Bathams are unchanged at Rs. 149, Bombay Burmahs at Rs. 6,750, X. D., and Port Canning's at Rs. 460. Kemps are quiet at Rs. 266. Trenchers have changed hands at Rs. 612 1-2, and Bombay Telephone at Rs. 24 3-4. The rest of the companies and specially mill shares, are all steady and more or less improved in prices.

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, AUGUST 28.

EXCHANGE—Tone steady.

Bank T.T.		1s. 4d.
Bank Demand		1s. 4d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight	D. A. 1s. 4 3-16d.	
Do do	do 1s. 4 5-16d. to 11-32d	
French Francs 3 do	do	169 3-4
Marks 3 do	do	137 3-4
Hongkong 30 Days'	Sight	136 1-2
Shanghai 30 do	do	189
Japan 30 do	do	154 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent. Tone steady.

Cash	...	9·15
1st Settlement ...	...	98·14
2nd do ...	...	98·12

Money Market, Tone.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since	18th June	3	per cent.
Bank of Bombay do.	20th Aug	3	do.
Bank of Bengal do.	27th Aug	3	do.
Bank of Madras do.	23rd July	4	do

SEEDS—

Linseed.—Tone easier. Rs. a. p.

Ready	6 7 6	to 6 8

Rapeseed.—Tone.

Brown Cawnpore	Rs. 5 6	
Yellow Cawnpore	„ 5 13	„
Yellow Guzerat	„ 5 14	„

Poppyseed.—Tone.

Ready	6 5	6

Castorseed—Tone steady.

Ready	21 8	0

WHEAT.—Tone.

Pissi, 91 per cent.	Rs. 31	
Club No. 1	„ 30-8	„
Hard Red	„ 24	„

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone easier.
Estimated sales ..... 7,000 Bales
Imports ..... 2,000 „

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
5·48	5·64	5·65
—2	—2	—2

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5·64	5·45	5·48	5·47
—2	—2	—2	—2

Mar.-Apl.	Apl-May
5·46	5·46
—2	—2

COTTON.—The local market is easier both for ready and New Crop and the demand has somewhat fallen off. Closing rates for New Crop are Rs. 230 for Good Broach and Rs. 178 for Fully Good Bengals.

COTTON STATISTICS,	Bales.
Receipts for the week	2,572
Receipts from 1st Oct. to 27th August ...	2,459,394
Shipments for the week, to Europe...	4 477
Do. China, Japan, and Coast Ports.....	1
Total.....	4,478
Shipments from 1st October to 27th August, Europe	993 744
Japan	355,993
China	25,811
Coast Ports	11,077
Total	1,387,171
Afloat to Harbour for Europe	1,641
China, Japan and Coast Ports	19,450
Week's Receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seed, Cotton	2,572 bales
Wheat	95,375 cwts
Linseed	27,243 „
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed ...	33,722 „
Gingelleseed	137 „
Poppyseed	19,151 „
Groundnuts	251 „
Castorseed	18,418 „
Rice	110 475 „
Myrabollams	2

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WIDTH 27", Rs. 1-8 PER YARD.

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PRICE LIST, per 100.

	Rs.	a.
EL ALIENTO, in 50's	12	0
LA SEMIRAMIS, SPOTTED, in 100's	11	0
CAPITANA, CONCHAS TRABUCOS, in 50's	10	0
CREMA DE LAS ANTILLAS, in 50's	9	0
FOR LUCK, CHARM FOR SMOKERS, in 50's	8	0
NOBLESSE, REINITAS, in 50's	8	0
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CIRCULARS.

Can it be learned as well by post as at your Studio?	YES.
Can a person of ordinary intellect master it in six weeks?	YES.
The full course to completion and fast writing in six weeks?	YES.
Do you examine us on each lesson? Personally or by post?	YES.
Is it easy to learn and to read?	YES.
Is it accepted by Government Offices the world over?	YES.
Do you give a Certificate of Competency on completion?	YES.
Do you supply a lesson book to each pupil and show the distinct lessons given?	YES.
Then this is proof of the pupils progress; and before receiving the 12th lesson I must write 120 words a minute	YES.
Shall I be competent to write a shorthand letter and make notes?	YES.
At the third lesson within one week?	YES.
Have any pupils in India done this yet?	YES.
Is your Studio open from eight o'clock p.m. till eight at night?	YES.
And on Sundays from 11 to 3?	YES.
Does it only take ten minutes for a lesson?	YES.
If I pay Rs. 20 this month of August for the full course of 21 lessons and no more to pay can it complete my studies any time this year?	YES.
Will your terms be higher next month?	YES.

How much! Rs. 140; the same as charged the world over viz; Rs. 10 for the 1st lesson, and Rs. 5 for each lesson up to the 21st; completion, or Rs. 75 if paid in advance for the full course, no other payments to make, no books to buy.

We are not a labour bureau and do not attempt to find situations for our pupils, yet we do offer encouragement to ladies as well as gentlemen to take up this shorthand as a profession and to act as Examiners and Judges on our behalf throughout India. A salary of Rs. 150 per month with an interest in branch profits will be given to suitable and efficient pupils, and a monopoly for teaching in a fixed district, upon a profitable basis. Personal applications for Examinerships and Tutorships entertained. We cannot accept by letter.

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Fine Singapore Pine Apples.....each	0	6
Table Plantains ..... per dozen	0	3
Oranges, Apples, Sweet Limes..... per dozen 12 as. to	1	0
Peaches ..... per dozen	0	6
Mangoes.....per dozen Rs. 2 to	3	0
Cape Cauli Flowers and Cabbages...each	0	5
French Beans, Beets, Tomatoes, ... per lb.	0	2
Green Peas and Artichokes... lb. only	0	4
Dairy Butter with key openers, per lb.	0	11
Mocha Coffee Berry .....per lb.	0	8
Mauritius Sugar No. 1 ..... for 7 lbs.	0	12
Table Malt Vinegar.....per bottle	0	5
Oatmeal and Cadbury Cocoa ...each	0	8
Carbolic Tooth Powder and Propert Brown Cream .....each	0	4
Bacon .....1-lb. tin	1	1
Pears' Coffee.....per lb.	0	13
C. and B. Salmon .....each	0	10
Black Pepper .....each	0	4
Mango Chutney .....per bottle	0	8
Madras Curry Powder .....per bottle	0	8
L. and P. Worcester Sauce ...per bottle	0	12
T. and T. Corn Flour .....each	0	8
Lipton Tea, Red Label	0	11
Lipton Tea, Yellow Label	1	0
Pears' Soap .....per box	0	12½

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Kirkfield, 2,289 tons, Captain T Watson sailed yesterday for Calcutta, in ballast.

THE steamer Muristan, 1,726 tons, Captain J B Moore sailed yesterday for Karachi, with the same bottom cargo.

THE steamer Hilarious 1,992 tons, Captain C K Sergent, arrived in harbour yesterday from Natal 12th August in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Vadala, 2,161 tons, Captain J Skinner, will sail to-day for Zanzibar, &c, with a general cargo, and Mr Athalde and 10 deck passengers.

THE Japan Mail Steamship Co's steamer Kinshin Maru, 2,339 tons, Captain T L Harrison, sailed yesterday for China and Japan, with a general cargo and 6 cabin passengers.

THE steamer Dagfred, 659 tons, Captain P Salvesen, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from Bangkok 19th August, with a cargo of timber and nine deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Nuddea, 1,941 tons, Captain C Scott, sailed yesterday for Zanzibar, and South African ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Major J D Bishop, Mr Mahomed Beg, one Warrant Officer, one Hospital Assistant, and 220 deck.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

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H M S Redbreast	Quayle	Royal Navy
R I M S Dalhousie	Comdr E J C Hordern	R I M
Investigator	Comdr T H Heming	R I M
Torpedo Boat No. 100	.....	.....
Do No 102	.....	.....
Do No 103	.....	.....

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—AUGUST 28

Vessel.	Tons.	Capt.	Destination Date.	Agent.
Landaura	2157	MacLean		M M & Co
Deutschland bq	768	Nacola		Captain
Eliora	1491	Forbes		M M & Co
Culna	1464	Kirkham		M M & Co
Byculla	1095	MacGregor		M M & Co
Alice (ship)	196	Lopicque		Captain
Shahnoor	2198	Radin	Cochin 3-7	E Tajbboy
Bancoora	2198	Hill		M M & Co
Okara	3439	Trouson		M M & Co
Shundara	3215	Forbes		M M & Co
Nerbudda	1964	Stunt		M M & Co
Chilka	1477	Tipper		M M & Co
Coromandel	2781	Montford	London 9-9	P & O Co
Henzada	1341	Cunningham		M M & Co
Kohinoor	1935	Mackinnon		T M & Co
Ouda	3410	Kndaell		M M & Co
Kenmore	2412	Milne		W & A G & Co
Seneca	3170	Beynon		Standard Oil Co
Dagfred	659	Salvesen		
Hilarius	1992	Sergent		J M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
B	Kirkfield	2289	Watson	Calcutta	29-8	W & A G & Co
C	Bandierah	1527	Ahrens	Zanzibar	29	A Strandon
D	Muristan	1726	Moore	Karachi	29-8	E L & Co
H	Courland	769	Esmail	Repairing		Shep'd & Co
K	Kinshin Maru	2339	Harrison	Japan	29-8	N Y Kaisha
L	Eden (ship)	441	Milner	Singapore	31-8	Bardiawalla
N	Vadala	2161	Skinner	Aden	29-8	M M & Co
P	Ranee (Transport)	3334	Corran	Bareera	10	H I M
	Alongside.					
C	Secunder	1073	Brebner	Mauritius	1-9	H S Sidick

HARBOUR WALL.

Mahnadi	547	Hossein	Karachi	29	Shep'd & Co
Matrunji	647	Aloued	Repairing		do
Poonani	555	Mohamed	Bhawnagar	29-8	Do
Sabarmati	524	Ebrahim	Karachi	29 8	Do

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
1	Elen Hall	2332	Haddey	Karachi	2-9	K N & Co
2	Britannia	1979	Blaikie	Liverpool	3-9	W & A G & Co
3	Afghan	1499	Dexter	Mauritius	30-8	H I M
4	Buorania	2927	Robertson	Liverpool	5-9	W & A G & Co
5	Peninsular	2929	Cubitt	Aden	29-8	P & O Co
6	Gomipara	1338	Cole	P Guif	1-9	M M & Co
7	Mazagon	3280	Hall	Kobe	31-8	P & O Co
8	Dido	3127	Pickering	Hull	31-8	E M & Co
9	Flores	2828	Orwehand	Amsterdam	31-8	W & A G & Co
12	Egypt	4178	London	London	5-9	P & O Co
11	Dwarka	759	Nicolson	Karachi	3-8	M M & Co
15	Onipenta	3429	Watkeys	Dunkirk	7-9	M M & Co
16	Sigrid	1091	Nicolson	Genoa	3-9	T M son & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Damra	762	Rickford	Karachi	29 8	M M & Co

MERSEWEATHER DRY DOCK.

Moshtari	111	Storey...R S	Ports	31-8 B & P S N Co

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
27	Dagfred s	Salveson	Bangkok, Aug 10
28	Hilarious s	Sergent	Natal, Aug 12

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
123	Fulwell s	Brown	Hamburg
	Nuddea s	Scott	Zanzibar, &c
	Steinhagen s	Poletrup	Hamburg
	Kirkfield s	Watson	Calcutta
	Muristan s	Moore	Karachi
	Kinshin Maru s	Harrison	Yokohama, &c

The steamer Vadala, Captain Skinner, obtained her port clearance yesterday for Zanzibar, &c.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—Steamer Hilarius, for Dunkirk, &c,
" Eden Hall, for Karachi,

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

NAPLES, AUGUST 27.

The B I S N Co's s s Manora left this evening.

SUEZ, AUGUST 27.

The City Line s s City of Lucknow left for Bombay this afternoon.

LONDON, AUGUST 26.

The P and O Co's s s Formosa arrived this evening.

ADEN, AUGUST 27.

The B I S N Co's s s Avora left to-day.

The Florio Rubattino Company's Steamer Ischia from Bombay arrived at Singapore yesterday the 24th.

The P and O Co's s s Bengal is expected to arrive in Bombay from Calicut 7 a.m. on Monday next.

The Austrian Lloyd s s Franz Ferdinand from Bombay, arrived at Colombo on the afternoon of the 25th instant.

ADEN, AUGUST 28.

The P and O Co's s s Marsilia with the homeward Mails of the 22nd instant arrived here at 9 a. m. to-day.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 28.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Britannia s—17 bales wool J Muckland; 22 bales wool Forbes F Campbell and Co; 13 bales unclean cotton, 177 bales cotton dy and waste and 13 bales bags H S Bode and Sons; 1092 cwt cotton seed Gadhum and Co; 15.0 cwt myrabolams Adjee Dossay; 353 bales cotton fly and waste P Heerjee and Co; 127 cwt hoofs Croft Mody and Co.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Britannia s—25 bales grey yarn Bradbury Brady and Co; 4 bales grey yarn Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—10 bales hides P K Boyce and Sons; 2 tons teak scantling Alex Mackenzie and Co; 36.0 cwt cn torseed Ralli Brothers; 293 cwt turmeric Elias S Sassoon.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Onipenta s—4017 cwt rapeseed Ralli Brothers; 130 cwt gum Harjee Vurdhur.

FOR AMSTERDAM.

Flores s—8335 cwt linseed 402 cwt rapeseed Ralli Brothers 3,50 cwt rapeseed and 2000 cwt linseed Volkart Brothers.

FOR ANTWERP.

Bielefeld s—220 bales cotton The Bombay Company; 45 bales hemp F Fischer and Co; 175 bales cotton fly R Dayal; 50 bales cotton fly Khimjee Visram and Co; 1200 cwt myrabollams H Anandrao and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Bielefeld s—330 bales cotton A Blascheck and Co; 115 bales cotton Madraswalla Sons and Co; 50 bales cottonfly K Visram and Co; 250 bales cotton fly Trabjee and Co.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 29.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice B. TYABJEE.

To speak to the minutes of the decree.

220-03—Matubhoy J and M—Changanlal Vahalchand vs Keshawlal Shakhidas Shangani—In person.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes

590-01—Dikshit and D—Megjee Jairam Naranjee vs Khimjee Jairam Naranjee and other—Makardas and Co—Part heard.

880-01—Manaukial J and H—The Advocate General vs Khimjee Jairam Naranjee and others—Makardas and Co.

525-02—F P Pavri—Mahomed Hassamlal Shaik Ahmed Makha vs Mahomed Ibrahim bin Mahomed Ismail Makha and others—Sorabjee and J.

614-02—Bicknell M and M—Pavri heir and others vs Chotalal Javerilal—K D Shroff, (Commercial Cause)

259,03—Little and Co—Ramchunder Withoba Balaji and others vs Isaji Noorobuj—Khanderao S and L.

401,162 03—Smellman B and N—Isaji Noorbuy and others vs Ramchunder Withoba Balaji and another—Little and Co.

210,02—Madhavji and V—Harilal Jamnadas and another vs Hargovandas Jagjivandas—Matoobhoy J and M.

499-01—Wadia and G—Heerji Bhojraj vs Ramji Ragoonath and others—Mansookhlal B and N.

626-02—H P Mehta—Gunpat Gyboy vs Bhimji Raobalji alias Amirbux—D D Romer.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BATTY,

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

275,03—Payne G S and M—H H the Hon'ble Sir Sultan Mahomed Shah Aga Khan vs The National Bank of India Limited—Little and Co—Part heard.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	3	1	8
B Mandvi, Chakla, Umerkhadi and Dongri	6	6	15
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Kanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	3		19
D Khetwadi, Girgaum Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Malabar Hill	0	0	6
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tarcico, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	3	2	14
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	4
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	6
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	3
Total	15	11	76
Total plague deaths to date	261,516	214,831	
Same date last year	15	8	89

THE OBJECT OF THIS ADVERTISEMENT

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APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, AUGUST 29, 1903.

PURE MILK.

FROM the cradle to the grave human beings require milk as part of their sustenance. All over the world it is regarded as one of the necessaries of life, although in too many civilised countries it has come to be acknowledged as the insidious channel through which disease and death enter the system. An article in the August "Century" described graphically the battle which New York fights over her milk-cans, a battle that commands but does not always obtain the victory. If milk as drawn from the cow could be delivered in its pristine purity, all dangers might be considered as eliminated, but on the way it has to run the gauntlet of so many enemies and of so many deliberate and malicious mischief-makers that by the time the milk is in our cup it has considerably altered its nature, and has been colonised with a rapidity not attained by settlers in the richest gold-producing countries. Bacteria once domesticated in milk multiply with more zest than in any other medium. Science has stepped in with its tests and shown what neglect can do to destroy the nourishing properties of milk and to turn it into a most potent poison. New York, like the rest of the world, relied until three years ago on inspection carried on in a fairly thorough manner; permits, unexpected examination of the supply on its way through the city, arrests of the wicked adulterator and fines on the weak dilutor, answered the purpose to a certain extent. But bacteriologists knew better than to think that safety lay in any such ordinary measures. Dr. Park, one of that ilk, observed that kittens who drank the milk supplied to a certain hospital died; he tested the milk—which had victoriously stood all ordinary tests as to quality and adulteration—and found germs enough in one spoonful to people the extensive United States for generations. All over the city the same tests were applied with most melancholy results, and it says much for the vigor of New Yorkers that the City had not become a desert. The difficulty to be faced was how to get a pure supply of milk, and carry it to the consumer uninvaded by bacteria. Ten thousand farms had to be inspected, and if need were, improved, for from no less a number does New York get her milk-supply. The Board of Health could not control many of these for they were in other States, besides a large outlay was necessary to start the requisite investigation. The Rockefeller Institute supplied the funds through Dr. Biggs, the New York Medical Officer, and the campaign against bacteria began.

It was necessary to study cows, milkers, barns, fodder, and the families keeping the farms from which the milk came, for milk has a fatal facility for taking up with every evil thing that comes its way and encouraging it in its protean developments. At a temperature of seventy degrees it fosters bacteria so kindly that a few hours changes one into ten thousand, and then into millions. They need not be harmless bacteria either, they may be, and often are consumptive, diphtheric, typhoidal, or scarlet feverish, and the milk that harbours these bacteria spreads the diseases as surely as wheat-seed sows a wheat-field. Horrible statistics are given by the writer of the article which would shock the sensitive Bombay reader who seldom stops to think where local buffaloes are herded, what they eat, or how much or how little cleanliness is appreciated by their owners and milkers. We go on gaily in our picturesque town putting milk in our tea and coffee, and feeding our small fry with a fluid that may not be much adulterated in the ordinary sense of the term, but that must be affording nourishment to an ever-victorious army of bacteria long before it reaches our tables and our nurseries. Probably New York in its most elementary days never imagined—though Americans have a smart fancy—the abysmal condition of our so-called dairies. There is no doubt much to be done in other directions to rouse the people from their apathy in regard to the most primitive rules of health and cleanliness, but while awaiting that great awakening investigation of the sources of the milk supply and of the habits of the suppliers might be made the chief duty of a special medical officer who revels in bacteriology, not as it now is one of a multifarious assortment of chores. An attempt on correct lines to cater for the milk needs of the city can only end in failure until the authorities see that it is not alone a matter of paying for a license, but of knowing how to guard against pollution of the nourishment that is of value only in proportion to its purity. In New York Dr. Park demonstrated from experiments that the bacteria which in themselves were fairly harmless became in milk hurtful to older people and poisonous to babies. He then followed the fates of infants in different parts of the town, to see how they throve on the milk selected for them by their parents, and he found that of those fed on "certified" milk, only one in fifty died, while ten in fifty faded away that were fed on condensed milk or bad shop milk.

The New York Commission, determined to decrease the dangers coming into the city with milk, offered the dealers who were found to comply with their rules a guarantee that their milk was pure. To work this system a "missionary" was sent round the farms. This was a bacteriologist, a lady well qualified to work a reformation in the milk-farms. She had to fight with old prejudices and convince men that although they dutifully followed the time-honoured ways of their fathers and grandfathers, nevertheless they were hopelessly wrong. She had to show railway companies that they must carry out their agreement to keep the temperature down to the required degree in the cars that carried milk. She had to show that though she could not milk a cow or churn a pat of butter, she knew all there was to know about the treatment of milk and cows and stables. She had to show, by scientific tests, in which germs from different lots of milk were put into gelatin and allowed to work their wills, that milk from an unclean stable had a bigger swarm of bacteria than that from a clean one. She had to teach the farmer who could not lay out much on improvement that by washing cows, and hands, and bottles, dairy floors, walls and windows, and keeping them clean, the bacteria in the milk fell to an inappreciable amount. She talked to the farmers, until she conquered them, and the offer of a higher price for their milk, if found up to the mark of the Milk Commission, worked wonders. Cows were soon groomed from tip of horn to the last hair of their tails, no milker with any semblance of disease is allowed near a cow, the milkers are clad in clean white suits while doing their duties, bottles and utensils are sterilised, the bottles are packed in ice and sent away in refrigerator cars and inspectors visit the farms every few weeks to see that slackness does not creep in. Samples of milk are frequently tested, and if the bacteria are above the allowed number of the "certified" level, due investigation into the cause is made. The enhanced price sweetens these labours and inspections to the farmer. The city is divided into sections for the facility of inspection of its milk supply, every person selling milk is visited unexpectedly by an official once in five or six weeks. Armed with a thermometer and a lactometer, this man tests the milk himself and also takes away a sample for an independent testing by the Board of Health. If the dealer is found to have diluted or doctored milk, he is arrested and fined so heavily that he is not likely to do the like again. Sunday is everywhere a favorite day for trying to make illegal gains in milk, for inspectors are supposed not to come round on that day, but a Sunday raid in New York revealed the factthat nearly fifty per cent. of the dealers had taken the opportunities to adulterate their milk, and now no dealer can be sure of his Sunday utside the law. Diseased cattle are condemned. If any farmer persists in keeping his milk-farm or cattle in a bad condition his cows are simply walked off to the pound and kept there at his expense until he sees fit to conform to the rules of the Board of Health. The Milk Commission of New York has managed to start a system by which a supply of pure milk can be got. The people have only to see that they get it.

THE INIQUITOUS BOND.

SIR GORDON SPRIGG would have acted more wisely had he refrained from opposing the movement in favour of suspending the Constitution in Cape Colony, when that step was suggested. He finds to-day that he championed the cause of a lot of renegades and rebels whose representatives bonded together to effect his overthrow. He warmed the snake in his bosom; it has turned and stung him. Mr. Merriman was the prime mover. He began operations about a month ago, when in the House of Assembly he brought forward a motion to the effect that, in the opinion of the House, the time had arrived when the exercise of the amnesty to those engaged in the late rebellion would be in the best interest of South Africa, and that his Excellency the Governor be, therefore, requested by respectful address to cause a proclamation to issue in that behalf. This was the rock upon which the Government fell, the fact that the war compensation grants have not been fully paid being quite of secondary importance. They know that Government will pay. The financial position of the Cape is sounder than that of any other British Colony. The motion was carried by 47 votes to 34. The division list is a revelation. There is not an English name, nor the colourable imitation of one, on the side of the ayes. What are the Baydenhorsts, the Dempers, De Wets, Graafs, Du Toits, Moltenos, Oosthensens, Silberbauer, Van der Merwes, Hoffmanns, Van Huysteens, Himmelmanns, and Hollemanns? These are the men who voted for the motion. Dutch, to the backbone, aye, to the very marrow, every one of them. In his speech against the motion, which, when carried, Government refused to act upon, Sir Gordon told the House that the Government had steadily endeavoured to carry out a policy for the promotion of peace and reconciliation. Prison doors had been opened almost universally. At present the persons in prison for offences committed in connection with the rebellion (therefore termed partly political offences) numbered but nine, and a greater portion of the nine had been convicted of murder in connection with the rebellion, and the remaining two or three had committed acts contrary to the usages of civilised warfare. The Government, said Sir Gordon Sprigg, is not prepared to accept a motion which he read as meaning that these persons must be released from gaol. He went on to instance the case of Cooroy, who was supposed to be in German territory, and against whom was the charge of having brutally flogged natives during the war. The Government was not prepared to accept a resolution which would allow such a person to come back to the Colony and not to have to stand his trial. Then there was the question of rebels who had been disfranchised, some for life, but the greater portion for five years. Those people, he considered, and rightly, had received the most lenient punishment ever accorded to rebels, and to go back and wipe out even this trifling punishment would be going rather too far, said Sir Gordon. Then take the cases of two men, once members of that House, Messrs Van der Walt and Joubert; if the motion were carried they would not have to stand their trial, but would get off with free pardons. The Premier went on to announce that the two persons referred to, when they were in Amsterdam, wrote to him as to their position if they came back to the Colony, as they were extremely anxious to do. "I replied," said the Premier, "If you come back, as soon as you put foot in the Colony you will be arrested and have to stand your trial." Sir Gordon Sprigg went on to say that he advised those two persons to come back and to stand their trial, and they came back. Mr. Van der Walt had told him that he was pleased they had followed Sir Gordon's advice. He took the meaning of the motion to be that persons disfranchised would be put on the register again, and that is what the Bond desires—to fill the registers with men bearing the brand of Cain. It was in the full belief that the Voters' List would be purged of rebels, and convicted disloyalists would be excluded, that the extreme step of suspending the Constitution was abandoned. Yet here we have the disaffected holding the upper hand. Sir Gordon Sprigg very wisely declines to endorse the opinion of the majority or convey it to the Governor. He resigns, and will appeal to the colony. If the list has been revised, as was intended, he will be returned and supported by a majority which will not desire the carrying out of such a monstrous resolution as has been carried by the present House.

GERMAN TRADE SYNDICATES.

GERMANY provides a useful object lesson in the operation of Commercial Trusts and Syndicates. A report by Mr. Francis Oppenheimer, the British Consul-General at Frankfort-on-Main, shows how these trade combinations work to the detriment of the consumer at home who has to pay for the cutting of prices abroad which is enabling Germany to successfully fight British and American competition. Germany, Mr. Oppenheimer says, is becoming the country of Syndicates. Of the "Cartel," as distinguished from the Syndicate proper, he remarks that it tolerates individual production but limits its freedom, while the Syndicate separations production and sale. The latter does away with all direct intercourse between producer and buyer, and regulates through a central office the conditions of sale for a whole branch of manufacture. Although first established for the regulation of supply and demand the chief reason for their existence now is to enhance prices. During the recent commercial boom in Germany the Syndicates ran prices up so high at home that they were enabled to get rid of surplus stocks by sales in foreign markets at any price, to grant private export duties, and still make a profit. As an instance of the operation of this policy the Syndicate of German Wire Tack Manufacturers are said to have gained in the home market a profit of 1,200,000 marks and to have suffered during the same period a loss of 859,000 marks on sales abroad. To the charge that the foreign market is supplied at the expense of the home market the Syndicates reply that their action has the effect of lowering the world's market price, which is but cold commercial comfort for the German people, who are paying the price of this method of trade expansion. Regulating their home prices by the Customs duty so as to bring the cost of an article just below that of a similar foreign article, which has to pay import duty and freight, the Syndicates, Mr. Oppenheimer points out, prevent the people from benefitting by the protective policy of the country. The regulation of prices is worked entirely in the interests of the Syndicates, and it happens that through the operation of these organisations German manufacturers whose raw material consists of half-finished goods produced at home, find it cheaper to import this German material from Holland than to buy it directly in their own country. At home the Syndicates fix the price for this material while permitting it to be sold in Holland and other countries outside Germany at greatly reduced rates. The general results of the policy of these trusts have compelled the German Government to institute a Commission of Inquiry, while demands are being made for legislative control of their operations.

THE AMERICA CUP.

YESTERDAY'S message relating to the America Cup is another big advertisement for the seamanship of the American skipper. After all, the interest of these races depends quite as much upon the performances of the crews of the respective boats as upon the sailing capacity of the boats themselves, and one of the most unpalatable reflections arising out of this race is that a British crew as well as a British shipbuilder has been badly beaten. Captain Barr time after time has shown himself a capable yachtsman, and no one would desire to detract from the quality of this his test and greatest achievement. But while not attempting to explain away what was a serious tactical defeat it has to be remembered that after all the defeat was not so much international as personal. Because the Shamrock has twice been seriously beaten in the first principles of seamanship, quite apart from her qualities as a sailing craft, the general proposition that the American yachtsman is more capable than his British rival has not been proved. The race simply demonstrates that Captain Barr is an exceptional seaman just as Herreshoff is a remarkable boat-builder. These continued defeats at the starting line, however, suggest a pretty question. Would Shamrock III. come off second if Captain Barr and his crew undertook to race her against the present Cup defender? The question is not intended to imply a slight against Sir Thomas Lipton's skipper, who has also shown that there are few things which he has to learn in the manipulation of a yacht. As to the moral of the race it does not appear to prove anything conclusively, beyond the fact that Shamrock III. would again have been worsted had the race been finished. Presumably, however, the next race will be on a triangular course, and if the experience of the last race goes for anything this will give the Shamrock a better opportunity of proving her capabilities. Leaving out the loss of time at the start, Shamrock lost her last race by five seconds only, an insignificant amount in a thirty miles race. More than that in the drift home she made up one and a half miles in ten. If, then, Shamrock for once in a way can turn the tables on her adversary, and get over the mark well up to time there may be a chance that defeat will be staved off for at least another race. If, however, there is to be a further repetition of the state of affairs at the commencement of the last two races the America Cup is already morally won.

THE Lieut.-General Commanding the Forces, Bombay, will arrive at Bombay, (Victoria Terminus), at 10-35 a.m. (local time) on Friday, the 4th September and return to Poona by 10-40 p.m. (local time) train on Saturday, the 5th idem. The arrival and departure of the Lieut.-General Commanding will be private. Two salutes of 15 guns each will be fired from the Saluting Battery at 10-35 a.m. on Friday, the 4th and at 7 a.m. on Monday, the 7th proximo to announce the arrival and departure of the Lieut-General Commanding.

THE rickshaw-men are opposing the construction of an electric tramway in Kobe.

EXPERIMENTS in wireless telegraphy are now being made between Nagasaki and Keluug, Formosa.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad Prantej Railway for the first eleven days of July, amounted to Rs. 5,050, being a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 3,611.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti Valley Railway for the first eleven days of July, amounted to Rs. 16,816 being a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 662.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad Dholka Railway for the first eleven days of July, amounted to Rs. 2,795.

THE Nippon Yusen Kaisha is said to be on the point of concluding contracts for two steamers to be built at the Mitsu Bishi Dockyard, Nagasaki; one of 5,000 tons for the Bombay line, and the other 6,200 tons, for the Seattle line

FROM a recent list of the Government Patents Bureau, it appears that the well known Punjabi chess players, L

TELEGRAMS

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE AMERICA CUP.

ANOTHER INDECISIVE RACE.

SHAMROCK'S TACTICAL DEFEAT.

LONDON, AUGUST 27.

The race between the Shamrock and Reliance to-day was off.

LATER.

As a result of the Reliance's skilful jockeying neither yacht crossed the starting-line till after the handicap gun was fired, Shamrock thus losing 107 out of 157 seconds handicap. This is the worst tactical defeat ever sustained at the start of any American Cup Race.

The Reliance kept the lead on a fifteen mile windward stretch turning the mark some minutes ahead of the Shamrock.

LONDON, AUGUST 28.

The Reliance out-sailed the Shamrock throughout, and led by 12 minutes from the outer mark, the race latterly drifting into a match of the Reliance against time.

TROUBLE AT BEYROUT.

AMERICAN CONSUL ASSASSINATED.

U. S. DEMANDS SATISFACTION.

DESPATCH OF A SQUADRON.

LONDON, AUGUST 27.

The American Vice-Consul at Beyrout has been assassinated.

The United States Government has demanded satisfaction and failing the demands being satisfied the American Squadron in European waters will sail for Beyrout.

LONDON, AUGUST 28.

President Roosevelt has ordered the American European Squadron now in the Mediterranean to proceed to Beyrout immediately.

[Beyrout, Beicout, or Bairut is the most important sea port town of Syria 57 miles W. N. W. of Damascus. Formerly regarded as the port of Damascus, Beyrout has now become the more important of the two cities. It is the seat of various Consular establishments and possesses a quarantine, a custom house, and post offices. The population is of a various character, comprising Druses, Maronites, Greeks, Turks, Arabs, and other nationalities. It was greatly increased about 1860 by an immigration of Christians who had fled from persecution in Mount Lebanon, Hasbeya, and Damascus. Beyrout is a place of great antiquity, and has been held to be identical with the Berothah of the Phœnicians. For a time at least it was under the supremacy of Sidon. Destroyed by Trypho, the Syrian usurper, about 140 B. C., it was restored by the elder Agrippa about 40 A. D., raised to the rank of a Roman Colony, and adorned with an amphitheatre and various splendid buildings. In the third century it became the seat of a school of jurisprudence, which long maintained its putation, and was attended by several eminent men. During the reign of Justinian, in fact, Beyrout was the only place in the empire, except Rome and Constantinople, where law was permitted to be taught, and of the three, the Syrian School under the management of Theophilus and Dorotheus, appears to have stood highest in general estimation. But the injury inflicted on the city by an earthquake in 551 led to the removal of the School to Sidon, and, not long after, the building in which it had been held was totally distroyed by fire. In the time of the Crusader Beyrout again rose into importance, and was captured by Baldwin I in 1111 after a two months' siege. Early in the 17th century it became a chief seat of the Druses, who retained its possession till 1763, when it was betrayed into the hands of the Turks. In 1772 it was bombarded and plundered by a Russian fleet, and in 1840 it was attacked and nearly destroyed by the English under Admiral Stopford.]

THE MACEDONIAN REVOLT.

BOMB RAILWAY OUTRAGE.

PASSENGERS KILLED AND INJURED.

REVOLUTIONARY COMMITTEE'S PROPOSALS.

LONDON, AUGUST 27.

At Kulileburgas, south of Adrianople, last night, a bomb was thrown into the dining-car of the through train from Buda-Pesth to Constantinople.

Two carriages were wrecked and seven passengers killed and eighteen injured.

The Sultan has now appointed Nassir Pacha to command the forces in Macedonia instead of Ibrahim Pacha, originally designated.

LONDON, AUGUST 28.

The Macedonian Committee has sent to the Sultan and the Powers a scheme for the European administration of Macedonia assisted by native representatives and an International Army of Occupation.

The revolt is gaining ground at Adrianople where the insurgents are estimated to number 6,000 men. It is reported they have defeated the Turkish troops.

Bulgaria has despatched two more regiments to strengthen the frontier guards.

THE ARGYLLSHIRE ELECTION.

In the election for the vacant seat for Argyllshire, caused by the death of Mr. Nicol, Mr. Ainsworth, the Liberal Candidate, has polled 4,326 votes and Mr. Stewart, the Unionist candidate, 2,740 votes to which is a gain for the Liberals.

FATAL RAILWAY COLLISION.

A collision between a goods and a military train has taken place at Udine, nine soldiers being killed and 80 injured.

THE CAPE PARLIAMENT.

MINISTRY DEFEATED.

AN APPEAL TO THE COUNTRY.

LONDON, AUGUST 27.

Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, the Cape Premier, has been defeated in the House of Assembly owing to his refusal to comply with the demands of the Bond for a revision of the martial law sentences and the not fully paid war compensation claims.

He will appeal to the country as soon as urgent measures are passed.

THE SOMALILAND EXPEDITION.

Colonel Eric Swayne has been ordered to Somaliland and has sailed.

THE POONA JUNIOR POLO TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 28.

The Poona Gymkhana team has been withdrawn from the Polo Tournament. Today's match was between the 3rd Bombay Cavalry and the Central India Horse. It was won by the former by 5 goals and 4 subsidiaries to 1 goal and 2 subsidiaries. The finals will be played on Monday between the Oxfordshire and the 3rd Bombay Cavalry.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

The steamers of the Anchor Line have been placed upon the same footing as the Peninsular and Oriental Company regarding military officers travelling by them who overstay their leave owing to the delay in the arrival of the vessels.

A change has been made in the regulations to admit pensions to the families of the Indian Departmental Warrant Officers who die within two years of receipt of the wound or injury on active service.

THE VICEROY'S LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

NEW MEASURES INTRODUCED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 28.

The programme in Council to-day was carried through as indicated.

Regarding the Sugar Duties Bill which extends the existing duties to the end of March next, Mr. Cable, President of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, congratulated the Government upon the measure but not one of them considered that it was protective or that it indicated any intention on the part of the Government of India to support the preferential tariff proposals with which the name of the Colonial Secretary at home was associated. On the contrary if the Indian sugar refining industry was unable to hold its own under conditions of fair competition he for one would say, "let it perish."

Regarding the Official Secrets Bill Mr. Arundel explained that it was to remove the difficulty which now existed for the prosecution to show that his intention was improper on the part of the person who obtained confidential information. It also made it clear that civil as well as military and naval officers came within the scope of the Bill.

In the matter of the Foreign Marriages Bill Mr. Arundel explained that it was purely permissive and only to enable British subjects to avail themselves at will of the provisions of the Foreign Marriages Order in Council. It did not affect marriages valid outside.

Regarding the Leper Bill Mr. Raleigh said it was only to provide for the segregation and treatment of lepers coming from Native States.

The following is the Hon. Mr. Cable's speech in the Legislative Council. The Hon. Mr. Cable said:—Before the Bill now under consideration is passed, I desire to congratulate his Excellency's Government upon having come to the decision of extending for a further period the present Act, thereby carrying to a successful conclusion the object of the original legislation. I note that the Hon'ble Member in charge of the Bill alluded to the possibility of further extension being necessary. It is well, of course, to be prepared for any eventuality, but the mercantile community which I represent, and which are fully in accord with the provision of this Bill, hope and expect no further extension may be necessary. The reasons for the extension of the provisions of the present Act up to 31st March next have previously been referred to by the Hon'ble Member in charge of the Bill. The facts are well known to the public and need not be referred to by me. All that has ever been asked for is fair play for the refining industry in India That was the intention and has been the effect of the present Act. In this connection I may usefully quote from the Hon'ble Mr. Finlay's speech. When the present scale of duties was imposed, the Government of India said the Hon Mr. Finlay has never proposed or contemplated giving to the sugar industry of India protection against fair and ordinary competition of foreign sugar. The protection has been restricted to that against unfair competition of bounty-fed sugar. The countervailing duties has been limited to the amount of bounties. If the defence of the present Bill were necessary, I should take as my text those words of the Hon'ble Mr. Finlay. If the refining industry of India cannot thrive under conditions of fair and ordinary competition with foreign sugars I for one should say let it perish. I am led to make these observations because I have heard it alleged that the present Bill is of a protective character, but I do not so regard it, nor do I look upon it as I believe some do as the indication that the Government of India are favourably inclined towards those views of the nations the fiscal policy which has been of late so closely associated with the name of the Secretary for State of the Colonies. A moment's consideration will be sufficient to show that there is no sort of resemblance between the present measure which is purely defensive, and I say the scheme of Preferential Tariffs. I do not know how the Government of India view the difficult question which the Colonial Secretary has raised, but I have no doubt in due course the commercial bodies of India will be given an opportunity of expressing their opinions on it.

THE CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

SIMLA, AUGUST 28.

A Home Department resolution is issued announcing the sanction by the Secretary of State to the scheme for remedying the unpopularity and inefficiency of the Cantonment Magistrates' Department by rendering the appointments in it more attractive to good men. It provides for the addition of two new grades of selected Cantonment Magistrates; the first grade to comprise three officers on Rs 700 staff pay monthly each and the second grade to comprise six officers on Rs. 600 staff pay monthly each it also (1) creates a reserve of two officers for furlough vacancies with provision that not more than twenty per cent. of the holders of cadre posts may be absent at one time; (2) it creates five new appointments of Assistant Cantonment Magistrates for Umballa, Meerut, Mhow, and Quetta, with one between Poona and Kirkee; and (3) it creates two new appointments of Cantonment Magistrates at Nowshera and Jubbulpore. It also confirms the announcement already made of the appointment of an inspecting officer of the Cantonment on Rs. 1,000 monthly for five years. Officers appointed as Assistant Cantonment Magistrates will receive staff pay as if they were Cantonment Magistrates up to a maximum of Rs. 300 month'y, and their services as Assistants will count towards their staff pay when confirmed as Magistrates. Promotion to the two higher grades will be made by selection amongst the officers who have completed ten years' departmental service, while all Cantonment Magistrates of ten years' service will ordinarily unless adversely reported upon be eligible for staff pay of Rs. 500 monthly.

COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CALCUTTA AND SOUTH AFRICA.

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 28

In March last the Bengal Chamber of Commerce addressed a letter to the Director-General of Post Office in India, drawing the attention of the Government of India to the slow and unsatisfactory state of the mail communication between Calcutta and South Africa, and urging that the matter was one of considerable importance to the mercantile community in view of the development of trade between India and that country An official reply has now been received stating that communications from the Postmasters-General of Cape Colony and Natal show that revised arrangements have been made in both colonies for the despatch of letters and packets to India, and that it believed that the present arrangement do not admit of the improvement under existing circumstances.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Batty and the Hon. Mr. Justice Jacob formed a special Appeal Court at the High Court, yesterday, to hear an appeal from a decision of Mr. Justice Badroodin Tyebji in the case of Jehangir Manekjee Cursetjee against the Secretary of State for India in Council. The suit in the court below was filed by the appellant formerly a Deputy Collector in charge of the Treasury at Poona, who complained of a resolution of the Government of Bombay, dated 6th November, 1899, praying that the resolution may be ordered to be set aside, and that he may be awarded a sum of Rs. 1,50,000 as damages sustained by him by reason of the wrongful acts of Government. The resolution in question was based upon a memorandum from the Commissioner of the Central Division, commenting on the conduct of the plaintiff and appellant in respect of certain of his acts in the course of the trial of a case by him as a magistrate; and stated that the Government had come to the conclusion, after a careful consideration of the papers, that Mr. Cursetjee had been "guilty of misconduct reflecting gravely on his reputation for honesty and trustworthiness" At the close of a protracted trial, Mr. Justice Tyebjee held on the authorities that, if the resolution in question be brought into court, it must be held to be absolutely privileged and it would be his lordship's duty to refuse it to be put in evidence, and that, as no secondary evidence could be led on the point, the result must necessarily be that the plaintiff must fail, because the charge of malice could not be allowed to be proved against a public functionary. The result was that the plaintiff was non-suited, and the suit was dismissed with costs The plaintiff, who appeared in person, argued before their lordships that the lower court was wrong in holding that it had no jurisdiction over the defendant, whereas it ought to have found that it had jurisdiction. The hearing of the appeal stands adjourned.

THE Hon'ble Mr. C. G. Bayne, C S. I., who on vacating the Chief Secretaryship of Burma was to have become Commissioner of Meiktila, is starting for Home by the next steamer owing to ill health.

WE regret to hear that Lady Lawrence, the wife of the Viceroy's Private Secretary, is seriously ill with a persistent attack of Malta fever, and has been ordered Home.

LORD AND LADY NORTHCOTE.

FAREWELL RECEPTION BY THE PUBLIC OF POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 28.

The public of Poona gave a farewell reception to their Excellencies Lord and Lady Northcote at the Council Hall to-night. The appointed time was 9-30 but the crowds began to assemble shortly after eight, and began to increase. Nearly about seven thousand spectators were assembled round the building. The roads were thoroughly crowded, and there was a great difficulty for carriages to pass round. A large triumphal arch, trimmed with red and white bindings, with hundreds of coloured butties spanned the small square formed by the cross. The roads near the Council Hall and the street on both sides were prettily illuminated with thousands of tiny lights which were held on light bamboo framework running through the entire length of the street. The centre of attraction, however, was the great building. A veritable flood of light filled the enclosure and blazed from every window and arch on the high building A hundred invitations had been issued by the committee. They were all present, showing in marked degree the great esteem in which their Excellencies are held, Inside the Council Hall the arrangements were on quite as elaborate a scale as outside. The spacious chamber in which the deliberation of the Legislative Council is held gave a pleasanter view. A large Kitson lamp threw into bold relief every single object in the room. The Committee have done their work exceptionally well. Punctually at 9-30 p. m. their Excellencies arrived, accompanied by Mr. Hill, Private Secretary; Captain Greville, Military Secretary; and Captains Stewart, Balmain, Bayford, and Meynell, A. D. C's. They were received at the main entrance by the members of the reception committee, with whom they remain in conversation a few minutes A loud report outside soon after announced that the fireworks display had begun, and crowds flocked to the Gymkhana ground where for the next half hour a succession of pretty and effective set pieces drew exclamations of surprise from the crowds assembled around. Light refreshments were served in a shamiana on the further side. After a time the guests dispersed.

THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

A meeting of the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind was held this evening. The Lord Bishop of Bombay presided and a large number was present. The chairman, in introducing the lecturer, Mr. Jehangir Bomanjee Petit, said we have been invited by Mr. Jehangir Bomanjee Petit to hear a lecture on the work which is being done and which may be done in the future in the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind. I think that among the intelligent and thoughtful people who desire to help their less fortunate fellow creatures there can be only one opinion with respect to this school for the blind, namely, that it is the very best use to which the fund raised in this Presidency to the memory of our late beloved Queen could possibly have been applied. The fund was not a large one—about two lakhs of rupees. We all know that it did not by any means represent the loyalty and affection universally felt for her late Majesty. It would have been a far larger fund if the resources of the Presidency had not been drained for years by claims consequent on prevalence of plague and famine. As it was a small fund it was necessary to choose some limited purpose to which to devote it. It had to be a philanthropic purpose which would benefit equally all communities and creeds, but that no more felicitous choice could have been made by the administrators of the fund than the establishment of this school. Of course, it was not to be expected that the choice would command universal approval of all at once in a country like India. There must always be indifference in the minds of some to the institutions which benefit all castes. The people of India love to work each for their own caste and community, and very nobly do they discharge their duties in a general case, but anything that bears the name of the British Sovereign must be for the benefit of all of them. Suppose there is a lingering superstition in India that there is no duty in attempting to improve the condition of those who like the blind are objects of God's chastisement, and that in doing so we even fight against God and try to defeat his purpose, and it is quite certain that there are many in a country like India who will be sceptical for a long time as to the possibility of educating the blind. It is most desirable, therefore, for all these reasons that the value of this school for the blind should be demonstrated, and as far as possible brought home to the minds of the public. At present there are 30 scholars, but would provide accommodation for 80 in the temporary building. An effort is being made to raise Rs. 50,000 for a permanent building. Scholars are taught many useful industries. You will learn all this from Mr. Petit, whom I have now the great pleasure to introduce.

CRICKET AT POONA.

POONA GYMKHANA vs. ELPHINSTONE CRICKET CLUB.

A two-days' cricket match between the Poona Gymkhana and the Elphinstone Cricket Club was played on the Gymkhana ground. The weather was fine and attendance large. The visitors went in first and made 94 runs and the Gymkhana 102. The following are the scores:—

ELPHINSTONE CRICKET CLUB.

First Innings.		2nd Innings.	
H R Driver, c Hardy, b Elliott	14	c Green, b Faviell	0
M H Sunjana, b Carroll	12	c Green, b Faviell	4
R Master, b Elliott	26	b Carroll	4
Meherbomjee, c Faviell, b Carroll	6	not out	26
R E Mody, c Sargent, b Elliott	0	b Carroll	0
M D Umrigar, c Carroll, b Faviell	0	l-b-w, Faviell	0
G J Karaka, b Faviell	6	not out	3
A H Dector, c Carroll, b Faviell	1	To bat	
M D Balsara, c Elliott, b Faviell	10		
J N Umrigar, c Green, b Elliott	2		
B D Aria, not out	0		
Extras	17	Extra	1
Total	94	Total	38

POONA GYMKHANA.

1st Innings.

Faviell, l-b-w, b Balsara	2
Meade, run out	18
Carroll, l-b-w, b M D Umrigar	11
Elliott, run out	7
Captain Hughes, c and b M D Umrigar	4
Captain Darby, c Karaka, b M D Umrigar	7
Green, b Balsara	0
Kirwan, c Karaka, b Balsara	0
Hardy, b M D Umrigar	10
Campbell, l-b-w, b M D Umrigar	18
Sargent, not out	19
Extras	6
Total	102

THE MAHOMEDAN EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE.

Arrangements in connection with the Mahomedan Conference are now nearly completed. A large shamiana is erected. The conference meets to-morrow. The Hon'ble Mr Fulton and the Maharaja of Kolhapur are expected to be present.

APPEAL AGAINST A MAGISTRATE'S DECISION.

Two Cantonment merchants who were sentenced to one day's imprisonment by Major Leslie, the Cantonment Magistrate and whose decision was referred to the High Court by the Collector of Poona, came for hearing before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Aston and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chandavarkar. Their Lordships quashed the conviction and sentence passed by the Cantonment Magistrate.

GOLF AT POONA.

The Ladies' Foursomes match—two prizes presented by the Club—was played yesterday two rounds of the ladies' links, and resulted in a win by Mrs. Cadell and Mrs. Anderson. The following is the result: Mrs. Caddell and Mrs. Anderson, Handicap, 4 strokes, result 4 down Mrs. Carter and Mrs. Fulton, 6 strokes, 8 down; Mrs. Bayard and Mrs Adam, 15 strokes, 11 down; Mrs. Dobbs and Miss Henderson, 15 strokes, 12 down; and Mrs. Bagshawe and Miss Anderson, 15 strokes, 14 down.

THE GOLD RESERVE.

SIMLA, AUGUST 28.

The accounts of the gold reserve fund to-day published show that another quarter million sterling has been added during the past quarter. The total now amounts to over four million sterling of which the bulk is in Consols.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

COWES GOWNS.

TO RESTORE THE HAIR.

CAPES FOR THE AUTUMN.

LONDON, AUGUST 7.

VERY fine embroideries, worked by hand in many cases, are seen on all the newest of the linen gowns for Cowes, as well as for country-house visiting, and it seems as though these embroideries, carried out as a rule in dainty floral designs, would play an important part in the fashions of the immediate future. In fact, it is confidently predicted by those who ought to know, that embroidered gowns will be more worn than any others during the early autumn. Even upon the comparatively heavy Venetian cloths, the flounces of broderie anglaise, or open-work embroidery, are already to be seen, while on gowns in crepe de chine and in tussore silk this kind of trimming is being very generally used, frequently in conjunction with long silken fringes. Sometimes detached motifs of this broderie anglaise are used in white lawn, upon some other material, such, for instance, as Donegal linen. A gown of this description, which has been made to wear at Trouville, is carried out in pale green Donegal linen, and made with a full skirt, which is slightly gathered at the waist. The whole of the lower part of the skirt is then covered with detached motifs of white lawn broderie anglaise. These motifs are made in graduated sizes, the largest ones being arranged near the hem, and the smaller ones tapering upwards towards the waist, where the linen is left quite plain for the depth of some nine inches. The bodice, which is slightly pouched both front and back, is covered entirely with the embroidery and finished at the waist, with a smart belt of white satin foulard ribbon, spotted irregularly with black. At the throat there is a cravat of the same spotted ribbon, tied in a smart bow under a turn-down collar of white embroidered lawn. This combination of black and white with pale green is worth remembering.

Probably Englishwomen were never more attentive to their hair than just now. It is fashionable to have plenty of hair, and she who has that not pretends she has by means of what brutal people call a wig and the hair dresser a transformation. It always seems a species of laziness, this transformation, which is obviously enormously sold since hairdressers are known to make most of their returns by the producing of these transformations. Most of those who wear them would, if they persevered with some really good lotion and applied it the proper way, bring back their hair to strength and plentiful quantity. A medical man once said, "There are only two things that will make weak hair grow, and they must be used together—friction and cantharides. Those two excite a healthy action of the skin of the head, just as raking and watering a flower-bed will make the flowers therein flourish. Cantharides is an expensive drug, and so is not likely to be found in cheap washes, but most of the good chemists in town can make up an effectual cantharides lotion; and then she who would prefer taking a little trouble instead of having recourse to a transformation must make up her mind to patiently rub or have rubbed this lotion into the scalp of her head with a hard brush night and morning, or at least, if not in the morning, at night, and also to keep this up, according to her needs, perhaps two or four or six months. It is far better to do this than to lazily take refuge in a transformation, which ir rarely entirely successful and always rather heavy looking; and very often hot and uncomfortable.

The English woman, with her healthy liking for things washable, loves the summer petticoat of lawn and lace, or of batiste, or of figured muslin, and modern invention has produced nothing nicer than the petticoat of pretty toned batiste with Valenciennes lace trimmings, and nothing more inexpensive and durable, always provided, in the case of coloured batistes, that the washing is properly carried out. For the benefit of those who have had coloured batiste petticoats spoilt, it is well to remember that a faded petticoat may be quite easily bleached white just as flagged muslin frocks may be bleached or anything else of cotton or linen When in the country and where ones own laundry is, of course, the best time to thus bring back to its original colourlessness the printed muslin or the linen frock of the batiste petticoat. The professional laundress of the town does not put herself out specially to carry out these nice little tasks which are really very simple all the time, only needing that the chloride of lime be very carefully added to the water used and mixed to a perfectly smooth paste first, because any little lumps therein would burn a hole in the thing being bleached. However, if care be taken with the quantities used, the result will be highly successful, and often after a muslin or anything else is bleached white it may be tinted cream with tea or coffee or any one of the other various means to that end For things that need a very slight stiffening there is what is called corn starch, and it colours very well indeed and perfectly evenly. For lace window curtains corn starch is a great success. The outlines of costume have been tending all the year towards the capey effect, and many summer fro ks were prettily finished with a graceful little cape (a separate garment) which was intended as an addition for the less warm days that were every now and again wedged in between others of tropical temperature. And for the autumn these nice little capes are perfectly certain to be favoured; the latter days of September and October demand an extra something, though not exactly a winter coat.

Beauty belongs by right to the Emerald Isle, says "M. A. P." For centuries past—from the days of the Gunning downwards—the women of Ireland, both gentle and simple, have been noted for their charms and graces. And the reigning Lady Limerick fully maintains the traditions of her race She was Miss May Burke Irwin, daughter of Mr. Joseph Burke Irwin, of Stellean House, Drogheda, and married Lord Limerick—then Lord Glenthworth—in 1890. It is said that this was a case of love at first sight, and that as soon as the young heir saw the lovely girl he determined to make her his wife. They married, and there are two children—a little Lord Glenthworth, aged eight, and Lady Victoria Mary, a charming child, now ten years old. The family place is Dromore Castle, Limerick, and the young Countess spends much of her time in Ireland at her own home or in Dublin. Lady Limerick is of medium height, with dark, silky hair, a brilliant complexion, and lovely eyes of a deep violet colour, shaded by long dark eyelashes. Her features are small and straight, of a somewhat classical outline. In the evening she often wears white, trimmed and garlanded with her favourite shamrock, and on her head a high, round crown of diamonds, which shows to great advantage on her wealth of dusky tresses Music is one of the chosen occupations of her life. She is a brilliant painiste, composes well, and has studied in Paris under the guidance of Paderewski. At one time she rented a pretty appartment not far from the Arc de Triomphe, and spent many hours of the day in diligent practice, and in lessons from the famous professors. During the visit of the late Sovereign to Ireland, Lady Limerick was asked to play a solo on the piano, and was warmly complimented on her performance by Queen Victoria—herself a musician and no mean judge of music. The three best Society painists of the moment are Mrs George Cornwallis-West, Mrs. Clifford Cory, and Lady Limerick—the last perhaps first in her mastery of the instrument. Her sister, Miss Burke Irwin, has also musical talent and is on accomplished violinist.

During the dreary days of the South African War a charitable scheme was started in aid of the wives and children of fighters on sea and land. It was christened the "Soldiers' and Sailors' Families' Association," and Lady Lansdowne initiated the enterprise. Saint Patrick's Day was near at hand, and a happy inspiration dawned on Lady Limerick. She conceived the idea of putting small bunches of true native-grown shamrock into light cardboard boxes, and selling them at from half-a-crown to four shillings each, sending them by post as required. The idea caught on, orders poured in, a splendid profit was handed to the association. From this small beginning the Shamrock League came into existence, and is now a fixed and flourishing institution, The lucky trefoil is grown, picked and packed in Ireland, and thousands of boxes are dispatched to England and the Continent. A prettily arranged spray of shamrock is sent every year to Queen Alexandra, and worn by Her Majesty on Saint Patrick's Day. Lady Limerick may be said to have founded a new industry. Lady Limerick's second name—Imelda—is a very uncommon one. Really a number of out-of-the-way names are to be found in our well-known families. Lady Rosse is Cassandra, Lady Leamington's daughter is called Gem, Mrs. George Keppel's second girl is named Eonia, and one of Lady Rachel Saunderson's daughters has the name of Crasta; Miss Alexandra Vivan, youngest sister of Lord Vivian, is called Oresia; Mrs Henry Wombwell is Myrtle; the bride, Mrs. Earnest Guiness, is Chloe; and Miss Weyland, niece to Mr. Beaumont of Piccadilly is Berga. The quaint name of Fermina is borne by members of Lord Bellew's family.

French actresses add much to the gaiety of London, and also afford a useful object-lesson in the art of dress. Their costumes are of the same style and cost as those worn by women in smart Society—indeed, they are more often than not made by the same dressmakers. But there the resemblance ends. Parisians put on their things better than the average Englishwoman; they have a greater knowledge of colour and colour combinations; and —most important of all—they possess imagination, which seems alone sufficient to ensure success. Jeanne Granier is a past-mistress in the science of suitability. Sitting in the stalls at the Garrick Theatre, I watched her and her company performing in "Les Deus Ecoles.' And what a liberal education it gave on the subject of costume! As most of us know, Granier acted the part of the young and good-looking, but—temporarily—deserted wife; another clever actress; Mlle, Marie Burty, appeared in the role of her adventurous rival. And what an attractive frock this latter wore in the famous scene at the Prunier restaurant! It was in cream sace, made close-fitting at the hips, with a spreading sweeping skirt, a slightly pouched bodice, deep folded waistbelt and sleeves to the elbow finished by a loosely hanging frill. The lace on the bodice was arranged in clevere t fashion with a view to widening the shoulders where breadth of build is desirable. A smart sash of wide white ribbon, with bright red silk-embroidered flowers gave the clou to the entire costume. It came round the front of the bodice as a sort of pointed collar, crossed the shoulders as bretelles was itself crossed at the back and then hung in long ends almost to the edge of the skirt. A cream straw hat, trimmed with a wreath of red flowers was worn well tilted over the face; the gloves were sixteen-button white kid without black stitching on their backs; and the necklace appeared as a single string of pearls (not an English "rope") fastened closely around the lace collar of the gown.

Jeanna Granier, as the injured but event ally forgiving wife, had a delicious costume that afforded a study in cream, white, and pale cream. This gown was in cream net—a decided cream—and had for trimming countless yards of narrow white ribbon, worked in intricate but very graceful Louis Seize knots and designs. The plan of the frock appeared to be on much the same lines as Estelle's restaurant toilette, only in this case, the touch of colour had been given by a knot of pale green silk at the neck; and by a becoming toque of white tulle, garlanded with a wreath of green leaves. Again, the gloves were white kid, with no black stitching; but this time they were short-six button length—as the sleeves of the young wife's gown were long, and fastened at the wrist. A toque and long sleeves for the matron; elbow sleeves and a piquant hat for the adventuress. Intellectual dressing suggests these sympathetic touches—character is reflected in costume, and an artiste who plays the certain result. The intellectuals—as one of our cleverest writer terms them—score in dress as well as in politics and literature, but the success of French actresses in the matter of costume may be ascribed in part to some other causes. Smart Frenchwomen know the worth of detail and the value of accessories, and they never despise the unseen foundations of their costume. They take care to be born corsetées and bien juponnes; will spend more on their petticoat than on the gown that covers it; are careful to choose gloves, shoes, handkerchiefs—even jewels—that suit the dress of the moment, their passing mood, and, above all, their character, position, and circumstances. Rejane, Granier, etc, can teach us many things besides and beyond the perfection of the player's art

CYCLING AT HOME.

LONDON, AUGUST 7.

A GOODLY crowd of wheelmen journeyed to Harrogate to take part in the annual gathering which has been held during the August Bank Holiday for twenty-two consecutive years at this celebrated mineral watering place, and this gathering was, as on previous occasions, a complete success. From Ireland, London and the provinces, cyclists journeyed to Yorkshire to participate in the events and a record number, whilst amongst the assembly were many new faces, attracted by the enticing reports they have heard of the pleasures of camp life. Invariably those who have once attended make a point of going again, and no doubt this accounts for the continual success of the camp. The camp consisted of fifty odd bell tents and five reception tents, and the number of wheelmen who spent the four days under canvas was well over a hundred, while on an early enough night accommodation in Harrogate. Altogether the campers were favoured with good weather and the annual fixture was voted the best on record.

The death has occurred in Gloucester Workhouse at the age of seventy-five, of Mr. George Shergold, to whom is undoubtedly due the credit of being the original inventor of the safety tricycle. Shergold's machine was first seen in the streets of Gloucester in 1870, some years before the building of the safety bicycle of to-day, to whom has been given the credit of the invention. Shergold's safety possessed every essential feature of the modern cycle—front steering, rear and chain driving, and rotatory motion all of which employed. Several years after it had become possible to ride, and without his machine, he, where it rested for a number of years until it came into possession of the Gloucester Cycle Company, the original machine, which was fitted with a treadle saddle pedal, is claimed as original—that, present in the possession of Mr. Wareing, who now resides at Brighton.

On Bank Holiday, the six hours' amateur race for the Brooke Shield, promoted by the Anerley Bicycle Club, was decided on the Crystal Palace track in the presence of a large number of spectators, who were treated to some excellent riding, especially the two leaders, who between them broke British records from the 101st mile to the finish, covering in the six hours 103 miles 2 laps, an improvement of close on two miles. Meredith had a dangerous opponent amongst the starters in G. A. Olley, who already had two shares in the shield and who was expected to win it outright on this occasion. But Olley was not riding at his best and retired early in the race. By his victory in this race Meredith has added to his reputation of being one of the finest long distance amateur riders of the day, the time record being made behind ordinary tandem pacing.

As yet, it has not taken definitely settled whether England will be represented at the world's championships at Copenhagen, down for August 19th, 20th and 22nd, but if the necessary arrangements can be arrived at under which the representatives would be guaranteed their expenses, there would be but little doubt that the riders would be for the coming, but as it is, the men do not feel inclined to incur the expense of the trip unless on the remote chance of having an all expenses paid one should the N. C. U. make a profit out of the meeting. England at the present time stands a very good chance of securing one or more of the events if represented. There are Messrs Ian Olley for the amateur 100 kilometre, Ernest Payne, Bouyer, or Will Bailey, the amateur sprint championship, Tommy Hall for 100 kilometre professional championship and S. Jenkins or B. R. Howard for the professionals, that race.

It is a pity for cycling that there are so many men to attend to their own interests and the spirit at large, as so seemed through parks and private grounds with special permission has at some time been given cycles to use. A burst of speed upon an unsuspecting equine is all very well, but when a horse has his head down and scorches through a lovely park which has been thrown open to the use of cyclists by the owner, simply that they may enjoy the good roads and beautiful scenery, one's feeling, may reasonably become somewhat ruffled. On some parks notices are fixed requesting cyclists to dismount and such-like. Of course, there are black sheep in every flock, but these men who abuse privileges and bring the sport into disrepute are a pest, in the society of cyclists.

We are glad to learn that the private membership roll of the National Cyclists' Union is now higher than it was at the end of 1902. Of all the institutions allied to cycling, none are more deserving of support than the N.C.U., and considering that the private subscription is low it is surprising that a larger number of wheelmen are not members. Besides the good that the N.C.U. does for the pastime at large, private members can rely on its assistance should they be unfortunate enough to become involved in cycling litigation. By-the-way, the championship meetings of the Union have so far this year been fairly well attended, so we trust that a more favourable balance will be the result; expenses, too, we believe, have not been quite so heavy.

In police courts throughout the country, wheelmen still continue to answer charges of furious riding, and the interest of the pastime, we hope real offenders are fined the full maximum penalty. It is only by imposing heavy fines that the practice of furious riding will be checked. Two wheelmen at Newcastle have been called upon to pay 40s. and costs, for riding furiously. One of the riders had knocked down an old man who; rifled from the injuries he received. There is no need whatever to exceed twelve miles or so an hour. At this speed on an eight-hour-day's run ninety-six miles would be covered and very few riders would care, or indeed are able to exceed this mileage. It is also a pace that can be easily kept up.

With the advent of the motor bicycle there arose the necessity for strong and trusty braking power. To stand the excessive strain which it is possible to develop by a well-fitted retarder, rims and spokes should be made stout and strong or the machine will be continually going to the repairer's shop for the wheels to be trued. For a rim brake to be effective the rim itself must be of a perfect circularity. A rim that is fully guaranteed and can be thoroughly relied upon is the Dunlop. In construction it is mathematically true.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE following passengers will proceed to-day by the P. and O. Co.'s steamer Peninsular, to Marseilles and London:—

Sparling Mr A H
Elton Hon Mr and Mrs W C
Clark Maj P T
Bamjee Mr D B
Dunscrville Col K S
Strok Mr P
Pillai Mr L W S
Pillai Mr D
Hosier Mr F E
Coonbajee Baronde
Scuffle Mr C J
Fried Mr E C
Katsch Miss M E
Keable Lt P B
Brear Mr T G
Onayle R N Lt Cond G C
Peppercill Mr W F
Neale Mr W G
Childs Mr H J
Lloyd Mr John
Lynch Mr
Glennon Mr
Rolland Mr
Shepherd Mrs and 2 children
Kenoy Mr A L
Ramsay Lt N
Gunja Mr

THE President of the French Republic and Mme. Loubet left Paris on July 31 for the Chateau de Mazence. M. Loubet was accompanied by M. Cambarieu, Chief of his civil household, and Col. Meaux Saint Marc, an officer of his military household. The President will stay at his chateau till the beginning of the shooting season, when he goes to Rambouillet, returning to the South of France for the close of the military autumn manœuvres, which are to be held this year in the vicinity of Montelimar. The Chateau de Mazence has been connected by special wire with the Elysee.

THE BENARES IVORY FURNITURE.

STATEMENT BY THE MAHARAJA.

THE following letter from the Maharajah of Benares in reference to the suite of ivory furniture acquired by the Viceroy appears in the "Pioneer":—

TO THE EDITOR.

SIR,—I have read with some concern an article in your issue of the 23rd instant, in which you deal with the question relating to the ivory furniture presented by me to His Excellency the Viceroy in exchange for a double barrelled rifle. Before the appearance of this article and the news in the columns of your paper, the discussion in the House of Commons, as also Mrs. Smeaton's letter appearing in the English papers, had attracted my attention. I considered it necessary to send a detailed account of the transaction to the Editors of the "Times" and "Daily News" by the last outgoing mail. I had hoped that after its publication in about a fortnight, the public would be in possession of the true state of affairs. But as the matter has now appeared in the "Pioneer," I think it necessary as well to intrude upon a small space in your most valuable paper to state to the Indian public how matters really stand. For this purpose, I enclose a copy of my letter to the "Times" for publication in the "Pioneer."

I would add that when in spite of my earnest desire that the furniture might be accepted by Lord Curzon as a memento of personal and private regard, he would not hear of it, I was constrained to consider the transaction from a business point of view, and to that spirit the subsequent negotiation was carried out. Well, if I can understand my own and his account, I think I have had the best of the bargain.

I confess it is news to me that furniture was an heirloom or presented to my ancestors for services rendered in the Mutiny. If the "Daily News" or any of its correspondents had enlightened me on the point before I parted with it, I might have thought twice before doing so and saved myself this inaccuracy of telling Lord Curzon that it was nothing of the kind. I daresay that the humble services of my ancestors in the time of trial

they reposed their full trust. Justice would be done to them. (Cheers). The resolutions were supported by Mr. Noor Mahomed of Pretoria, S. V. Thomas of Johannesburg, E. M. Patel of Potchefstroom, Ebrahim Aswar of Johannesburg, A. M. Bhayat of Heidelberg, Abdulla Hadi Vali of Standerton, M. S. Coovadia and Moosdia of Johannesburg. Mr. Abdul Rehman of Potchefstroom, who also spoke in support, said since I arrived in South Africa ten years ago it is the first time that I have seen you assemble from all parts of the Transvaal in such an enthusiastic spirit to vindicate your grievances. (Applause.) We all know our difficulties and I must admire the dauntless courage with which you have and are facing them. (Hear, hear.) You all know that by Law No. 3 of 1885 the welfare of three hundred millions of his Majesty's Indian subjects is seriously affected. We hoped that after our behaviour throughout the late war we would be treated with that consideration and sympathy which would be the just reward of our services not only to the Indians of this country but to the Indians of the Indian Empire. We manfully did our best. Never was our loyalty or our self-sacrificing devotion more conspicuous, but our disabilities continue and the generous recognition of our service seems to be remote. The inventory of our disabilities is a melancholy record, galling to our self-respect and unworthy of those who permit them. (Hear, hear.) The famous law I have just quoted is to remain in force despite what Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Milner professed from time to time. Here we are treated as outcasts whom society barely tolerates and every circumstance of our life is so ordained by the administration that we are reminded at each stage that we are representatives of an inferior race. The latest of all, you are liable to be arrested if you have no pass from the Asiatic Office. I was awakened the other day in the early morning to find that a policeman was at my door ready to pull me out of bed, that I should accompany him as if I was a criminal. What an insult to my family! What was my surprise when I found out that the gentleman of the Asiatic office was waiting to give us a fresh pass. Was there anything to warrant such a gross insult to respectable persons? The law of the late Government relating to Indian has come to the British rulers of the Transvaal as a legacy. It is allowed to blot the statute book and sully the fair fame of British administration. You know of late what a protest the White League has made; at all costs they are going to brand us and send us to locations. You have seen reported in the "Transvaal Leader" that some one at the East Rand has said that they will outrage and drag every Asiatic into the gutter. They are afraid to face the Indians in a civilised way. They cannot compete with us, so they say they cannot compete with a people who are uncivilised. (Cheers.) Gentlemen, the White League is not going to rule the British Empire (Applause.) It has been alleged that there is not in the new proclamation any hardship or onesidedness. I can assure you that the administration of the Transvaal have decided to squeeze us gradually until we are here no more. I, therefore, condemn the bad principle on which Indian legislation has from time to time proceeded in this country to the detriment of England's sons, of British Hindustan. Gentlemen, it is opposed to all principle of British freedom. It is opposed to all our feeling of humanity. It is opposed to all the instinct of the British Constitution and British law, it is opposed to all the tenets of Christianity. Here is the statement of an Imperialist in reply to an address from the British Indian refugees, Lord Roberts, writing from Army headquarter, Pretoria, says; he hopes in the two new colonies men of all races and all religions may live in perfect freedom as they do in other parts of his Majesty's dominions. (Applause). Then law No. 3 of 1885 ought to be swept away immediately.

The resolution was then put to the meeting and carried with acclamation.

Johannesburg, May 1903.

BOMBAY STANDING COMMITTEE.

A MEETING of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Corporation was held yesterday afternoon in the Municipal Council Hall, Dr. A. G. Viegas presiding. There were present: Mr. T. W. Cuffe, Mr. H. G. Goll, Mr. James McDonald, Dr. N. N. Katrak, Mr. S. D. Khote, Dr. K. E. Dadachanji, the Hon. Mr. Vishaldas Damoder, Mr. Munmohandas Ramji, Sir. Bhalchandra Krishna, the Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Mr W L Harvey the Commissioner and Mr. M. N. Wadia, the Secretary.

SUPPLY OF FILTERED WATER.

The Committee considered a letter from the Commissioner with regard to the supply of filtered water to Walkeshwar and Mahalaxmi Districts by pumping it from the Malabar Hill Reservoir. The Commissioner in his letter states:—At present the higher portion of Walkeshwar and Mahalaxmi Districts are supplied with Tulsi unfiltered water except for 2 hours of the day, when filtered water is supplied to those parts from the Malabar Hill Reservoir by pumping it. In order to supply these parts with filtered water for a greater part of the day, the Water Engineer has at my request, prepared an estimate of the cost of providing the necessary plant. The consumption of the districts in question is about 11,00 gallons per hour if supplied for 12 hours. As direct pumping is now proposed to be adopted, and the maximum rate of consumption is at times nearly double the mean, it is necessary to provide sufficient power to deliver about 20,000 gallons per hour. It is proposed to provide pumping plant in duplicate, each pump capable of delivering 10,000 gallons per hour to a height of 35 feet. The engines and pumps will be in duplicate, so that, when the consumption is low or one requires repair, either can be uncoupled and the other run alone. The existing turbine will be run as at present for two hours morning; and evening when the engines will be stopped. The engine will be placed in the same chamber as the turbine carrying them on steel beams and joists, so that the present suction pipe and rising main may be utilized and enable one man to take charge of both engines and turbine, etc. The cost of the pumps, engines, etc, and of the foundation, etc, is Rs. 15,340 as per accompanying estimate. The cost of the establishment is estimated at Rs.60 per month and of the stores, repairs, etc, at Rs. 220 per month. The annual cost is therefore about Rs. 3,312. I, the Corporation approve of the proposal. I request the early sanction of the Standing Committee and the Corporation to the initial cost, viz., Rs. 15,340, being met from the balance of Rs. 31,077-4-1 available from the allotment of Rs. 2,35,330, sanctioned in the Corporation Resolution of 26th March 1903 for constructing three additional filters at the Malabar Hill Reservoir. The working expenses, amounting to Rs. 3,312 per annum, will be included in the next year's Budget.

Dr. Katrak whilst not opposing a proper supply of filtered water, thought the expenditure was very high. He considered that high pressure filters might be utilised and by that means the proposed annual charge saved. He moved that the Commissioner be requested to inform the Corporation what would be the estimate for supplying such filters to Tulsi main as the Malabar Hill Reservoir.

The proposition fell to the ground for want of a seconder.

Mr. T. W. Cuffe proposed that the Commissioner's letter be forwarded to the Corporation with the recommendation of the Committee that if the proposals were approved sanction be given for the initial cost as mentioned in the Commissioner's letter.

The proposition was adopted.

BURST IN THE VEHAR MAIN.

The Commissioner forwarded to the Committee for information copy of the following report from the Deputy Executive Engineer, Water Works:—"I have the honour to report that a burst occurred on the Vehar main, main at about 9-45 A.M. on Tuesday the 11th instant close to and south of Dadar Station. Its position was located at a little after 10 o'clock. Arrangements were at once made to send out men and materials to the spot, but all efforts on the main closed. The workshops' pumping engine was got to work at the air cock near Culuchpooli Station at 4-45 P.M., and worked there all night, but as this failed to lower the water sufficiently, it was removed to Dadar, and a hand pump substituted for it. Owing to the level of the pipe at the burst being lower than that of the air cock at Dadar Station though it worked all that day and the following night, it was only by dint of constant bailing that, the water was sufficiently lowered to enable the burst pipe to be broken out and removed by the evening of the 13th. A new length of pipe was got in on Thursday night, and as the water in the pipe could not be cleared, it was continued by hard caulking the joints which were successfully run with lead on the morning of the 14th. The sluices were reopened and the supply turned on at 12-30. The great difficulty and delay in effecting the repair were due to the position of the burst pipe and the length of about 2 miles, of which it formed a part, being 2 to 3 feet lower than the only point at which a pump could be worked. I propose to seek for a suitable point near either Parel or Curry Road Stations where a sad-ile piece may be affixed to the main for the insertion of the pump hose should another similar burst occur. The burst was of a most unusual nature, two small triangular pieces of metal having been blown clean out. They no doubt formed flaws in the casting, and were held in position by a thin skin of metal which, having gradually corroded away, released them. The remainder of the pipe does not show nearly as extensive corrosion as those which burst previously north of Dadar or near Curry Road.

The report was recorded and the Committee adjourned.

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LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

SUIT AGAINST THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

SPECIAL APPEAL BENCH.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Batty and the Hon. Mr. Justice Jacob formed a Special Appeal Bench at the High Court yesterday, to hear an appeal from a decision of Mr. Justice Tyabjee delivered in December 1902, in the suit brought by Mr. Jehangir Manockji Cursetjee against the Secretary of State for India. The plaintiff and appellant appeared in person. The Hon. Mr. Scott, Advocate-General, with Mr. Stanhope Bayley, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Government Solicitor, appeared for the Secretary of State, the defendant and respondent.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE LOWER COURT.

This suit was filed by Mr. Jehangir Manockjee Cursetjee against the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 6th November 1900, complaining of a resolution of the Governor of Bombay dated 6th November 1899, and praying that the plaintiff may be awarded a sum of Rs. 1,50,000 as damages sustained by him by the wrongful acts of Government, that the said resolution may be ordered to be set aside, and for costs of the suit. At the time of the resolution complained of, the plaintiff was a Government servant in the Provincial Service of the Bombay Presidency, and had served Government for twenty-five years. Prior to this resolution, he was serving as a fourth grade Deputy Collector of Poona and was in charge of the Treasury. The resolution was based upon a memorandum from the Commissioner, Central Division, commending on the conduct of the plaintiff in respect of certain of his acts in the course of the trial of a case by him as a magistrate. The resolution said:—"After careful consideration of the painful facts disclosed in these papers and of the explanation tendered by Mr. Cursetjee, the Government have come to the conclusion that that officer has been guilty of misconduct reflecting gravely on his reputation for honesty and trustworthiness in the following respects:—(1) Improperly requiring the accused person in a criminal case conducted by him (Mr. Cursetjee) in his magisterial capacity, to pay for the conveyance of himself and the complainant in the same cart, to pay his clerk Bhange, to the scene of the offence, alleged to have been committed by the said accused, namely to the village Wachape, distance some 30 miles from Poona and back, and in receiving himself from the defendant the sum of Rs. 25, and in permitting his clerk Bhange to receive from the complainant the sum of Rs. 13-12-0 in respect of the said expenses of conveyance. (2) In having after receipt of the said expenses improperly drawn bills upon Government, and so obtained from the treasury the sum of Rs. 29-8-0 for himself, and permitted his clerk to obtain Rs. 14-12-0 in respect of the same journey. (3) Entering incorrect dates in his own travelling allowance bill in order to prevent objection being raised to it, and to the drawing by him of mileage allowance on at least one of the days on which he travelled. (4) In connection with travelling allowance bill of the clerk Bhange deliberately signing certificates which he knew to be false." The Government resolution then goes on commenting on the above charges in the following terms:—"As regards the first and second charges, Mr. Cursetjee's defence is simply a denial of the impropriety alleged. Such a defence will not bear even the most slender examination. The impropriety of taking money on any pretext whatever from parties to a magisterial case under enquiry before him, must be patent to any officer called upon to discharge magisterial duties. As an experienced assistant officer, Mr. Cursetjee must be intimately conversant with articles 1053 and 1057 of the Civil Service regulations, and fully aware therefore that he was not entitled himself to make, or allow his clerk to make, travelling allowance a source of profit. As regards the third charge, Mr. Cursetjee asserts that the erroneous dates were signed by him through inadvertence. The fact that the errors resulted to his advantage, conjoined with the other discreditable circumstances of the case, throw grave doubts on the credibility of his defence. It was also Mr. Cursetjee's clear duty, as he must have been fully conscious to be scrupulously careful that the entries of dates on which he travelled were absolutely accurate. As regards the fourth charge, it is shown that Mr. Cursetjee certified (1) that the amount entered in the clerk's travelling allowance bill (R. 14-12) did not exceed his actual travelling expenses; (2) that those expenses were Rs. 29-12-0 whereas Mr. Cursetjee knew as a matter of fact that the clerk's expenses were nil, that he paid nothing for the tonga mentioned in the bill, and that he was conveyed free of cost to Wachape and back, by the complainant in the case, Mr. Cursetjee thus actively abetted his clerk in committing a fraud on Government by passing a bill and signing statements which, to his knowledge, were false. His defence to these charges that he signed the certificates by inadvertence, and will val, on the assurance of his clerk and office, that charges were justified, can only be characterised as puerile and incredible."

The resolution then proceeds as follows:—"The above four charges having been found proved against Mr. Cursetjee, it has fallen to consider what notice should be taken of his misconduct. The Governor in Council has most seriously considered whether the case would by met by any punishment short of dismissal, and has been mainly induced by consideration of Mr. Cursetjee's length of service (25 years), and by compassion on the new wife and dependent on him, to limit his award to the following penalties:—(1) The reduction of Mr. Cursetjee to the sixth grade of Deputy Collector. (2) The stoppage of all future promotion for him. (3) Disciplinary treatment as the age of 50. (4) The refund of the amount of travelling allowance fraudulently drawn by him."

The plaintiff, in his plaint, mainly complained of these charges of misconduct and dishonesty. He said he tried to obtain redress from Government, and obtaining none, he gave notice to Government of his intention to file this suit.

The following issues were raised in the case before Mr. Justice Tyabjee: (1) Whether this court has jurisdiction to entertain this suit? (2) Whether this suit is maintainable against the defendant? (3.) Whether the plaint discloses any cause of action against the defendant? (4.) Whether having regard to the notice of action given by the plaintiff, he is entitled to maintain this suit in respect of false or malicious libel published by the Government of Bombay? 5. If the first four issues are found against the defendant, whether the statements in the resolution are absolutely privileged?

After going into the authorities, and applying the principles laid down in these authorities, it seemed clear to Mr. Justice Tyabjee that, if the resolution complained of be brought into court, it must be held to be absolutely privileged and the plaintiff would not be able to have it produced in court and that even if it was produced in court it would be his lordships duty to refuse it to be put in evidence and as no secondary evidence could be led, the result must necessarily be that the plaintiff must fail, because the charge of malice could not be allowed to be proved against a public functionary. His lordship found on the first issue for the defendant—that the court has no jurisdiction over the defendant. On the second issue whether this suit is maintainable, his lordship held against the plaintiff and in favour of the defendant. His lordship held the third issue whether the plaint discloses any cause of action also against the plaintiff. The fourth issue whether plaintiff is entitled to maintain this suit in respect of false and malicious libel was held in favour of the plaintiff, and against the defendant. In that his lordship held that the notice given was sufficient. The fifth issue, whether the statements in the resolution are not absolutely privileged, was found in favour of the defendants and against the plaintiff. The result was that the plaintiff was nonsuited, and the suit was dismissed with costs.

PLAINTIFF'S STATEMENT OF HIS CASE.

Mr. J. M. Cursetjee in opening the appeal said that this was a case of importance not only to him as an individual seeking justice at their lordships' hands, but it involved issues which affected a large body of persons who, he trusted, deserved well of the public and of the law courts in general. He need not dilate on the merits of the case, which were clearly indicated in the documents placed in their lordship's hands, among which was the judgment of the lower court. As he appeared in person, their lordship's would give him that indulgence with a non-professional man naturally deserved. He did not propose to address the court in his own language, because he would perhaps be laughed at and scorned, but he intended to address their lordships only in the language of men, who were prominent members of the Bench and the Bar. He would, therefore, read to their lordships authorities after authorities, i. the language of eminent lawyers, who had to deal with cases analogous to his own. Before he read the documents in question, he would with their lordships' permission, read the opinions of eminent judges who had disposed of issues similar to those involved in his case. Mr. Jehangir then cited cases after case, and read portions of judgments delivered by eminent English judges which he said were on all fours with his own case. The appellant then proceeded to read the documents in the case, and in commenting upon them, remarked that he was fully prepared to establish that he was right in what he had done; he was in a position to prove his entire innocence in the matter. If he was considered a dishonest or a fraudulent man, why was he allowed to continue on the Magisterial Bench? The Government did not take any moment s while they should have if they thought him to be a dishonest or a fraudulent man, to thoroughly blacken his character first, and then let it to the other department to see if they could dismiss him. He demanded an inquiry into the matter, but it was refused. He claimed heavy damages, because by the conduct of Government, he had been a great loser and his future prospects had been entirely blasted after long and meritorious services he had rendered to Government.

Mr. Justice Batty said he was quite unwilling to interrupt Mr. Jehangir in his arguments, but he should not go into matters which were irrelevant.

Mr. Jehangir said the relevancy came in this way. Mr. Justice Tyabji, whose judgment had been appealed against, had kept out certain evidence and what he wanted to show was that the lower court should not have decided the issues in the manner they were.

Mr. Justice Jacob said they proceeded to consider the issues on the assumption that on the merits of the case the appellant was right. Was it necessary for the appellant to go into that matter?

Mr. Justice Batty said that assuming all the statements of facts were absolutely correct, the objection lay in the fact that a suit could not be entertained against the Secretary of State. The truth or otherwise of the statements were absolutely irrelevant.

Mr. Jehangir said what he complained of was that if it was held that the Government had a right to libel him, then the second and the most important issue would be whether Government acted according to law, and for that purpose the lower court ought to have gone into that evidence. He contended that according to the statute, Government ought to have passed such a resolution at a Council meeting, whereas the fact of the matter was that it was a resolution issued by an individual member of Government. It was for the other side to prove that the resolution was passed by the Governor in Council.

Mr. Justice Batty: Supposing the Government of Bombay acted illegally, you have to show that the Secretary of State can be properly sued.

The Advocate-General admitted nothing. The issue must be decided on the footing that it was a resolution of the Government of Bombay.

Mr. Justice Jacob: Admitting that an individual member of Government was in the wrong, how can the Secretary of State be made liable?

The Advocate-General said he had never admitted that this was a resolution of an individual member of Government. The plaint stated that it was a resolution of the Government of Bombay, and the case must stand upon that.

Mr. Justice Batty: What we really want to know is, how the illegality alleged by the appellant would create a liability in the Secretary of State. That was really the point to be considered. The question of the illegality of the action is to be considered afterwards.

Mr. Jehangir: The other side must prove that the resolution was passed by the Governor in Council. If your lordships are prepared to assume that the Government of Bombay acted illegally then I shall prove that the Secretary of State is liable for it.

Mr. Jehangir then read the whole of the judgment of Mr. Tyabji, and commenting upon it said, though on the face of it it appeared to be an able and substantial judgment, it was like the Sitaram Building, the props and supports of which fell far short of the necessary length required to keep up the structure. The judgement was unfair to him in so far as it perpetuated the libels and that those portions of the resolution, which were the only redeeming features in the case, had been kept out. Nothing was said in the judgment about some of the most important issues raised by him. It was in fact a judgment in which the facts had been huddled up and jumbled up in a most curious manner. The learned judge had not given a single reason for the conclusions he had arrived at in the whole of his judgment except what he had done at the very fag end of it.

Mr. Jehangir then proceeded to deal with the judgment of Mr. Justice Tyabji in detail, and argued at great length that the statutes referred to by the learned judge did not apply to his case.

The Court then adjourned.

ALLEGED ASSAULT AND INSULT BY A CLERGYMAN.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, the Rev. A. H. Manning, Harbour Chaplain, appeared before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, to answer a charge of assault, insult and, using abusive language, preferred against him by Mr. E. Jolly, a shed manager in the Docks. Mr. Craigie, of Messrs. Craigie, Lynch and Owen, solicitors, appeared for the defendant. The complainant in his evidence stated that on the 16th instant at about 7-30 p.m. he went to the Seamen's Institute in Frere Road when some of the visitor requested him to sing a song. After singing two songs he went near the bar to have a glass of soda water when the defendant went up to him and asked him not to sing those songs as his (defendant's) wife did not like them. The complainant said there was nothing foul cent in them. Whereupon the defendant became enraged, caught him by his shoulders and gave him a good shaking. Witness protested against such conduct and asked the certain not to take his hands off his shoulders. The defendant then told witness to leave the room, and as he was going to take his hat and stick from the table the defendant ran after him and gave him a violent push from behind and pushed him out of the door, abusing and insulting him and telling him that he (witness) had lost his job through drink. This statement, the witness said, was not true as he neither drank nor smoked and had not been dismissed from the service.—The complainant called two witnesses in support of his statement.—For the defence three witnesses were called to show that the complainant had frequently sung objectionable songs in the Institute.

The Rev. Mr. Manning in his statement to the Magistrate said, that he had been appointed Chaplain of St. Nicholas' Church and placed in charge of the Institute on the 3rd July. On the following Tuesday Mr. Jolly pushed himself on to the programme at a concert at the Institute and sang an objectionable song. He told the complainant at the time that he would not allow any lewd or dirty songs to be sung at the Institute. He perceived that the loafers and of reputable people came to the Institute attracted by these objectionable songs and he wished the public to know that the Institute was not meant for the singing of the objectionable songs, as that place was visited by innocent seamen who he said, were the bulwarks of the British Empire. After being forbidden on the 7th July the complainant subsequently again sang an objectionable song. There were several people in Bombay who had stopped from visiting the Institute on account of these objectionable songs and many ladies often left the Institute in disgust. On the evening in question he remonstrated with the complainant for having sung an objectionable song. The complainant turned away with a grunt and was leaving very leisurely which irritated him and he therefore pushed him gently with no more than necessary force to emphasize the authority he had over the Institute to those present. He admitted having called complainant a blackguard and a drunkard, because none but blackguards and drunkards would sing such songs.

The Magistrate in disposing of the case remarked that it was proved by the evidence adduced on behalf of the defence that the complainant had been in the habit of singing objectionable songs at the Institute and he had been warned against that by the defendant, notwithstanding the complainant again sang an objectionable song on the evening in question, when the defendant remonstrated with him and the complainant on being ordered out of the Institute, moved on leisurely and irritatingly as to slight the defendant's authority over the Institute, that the latter help him by the shoulders and said he would not allow blackguardly songs at the Institute and put him out of the room. There was a little exaggeration about the assault but on the whole though he would be justified in acquitting him on that charge. Regarding the charge of insulting and abusive language, his worship said he was sorry that defendant used such strong language after the alleged assault. He saw no reason for him after the complainant had gone out, to abuse him. The Court held the defendant technically guilty and thought the end of justice would be met, if it discharged him with a warning.

DIVINE SERVICE.

XII. SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, 30TH AUGUST.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Tours in F.
Hymns—Nos. 236, 311, and 312.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—168, 221 and 222.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—11 and 13.
Collections are for Organ fund.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
(Afghan Memorial Church.)

8 a.m.—Choral Celebration of the Holy Communion.
Hymns—3, 310 and 324.
11 a.m.—Parade Service.
Hymns—175, and 271.
Preacher,—the Rev. A. Manning.
6 p.m.—Evensong, Choral and sermon.
Hymns—274, 437 and 213.
Anthem—O Lord How Manifold are thy Works.
Offertories during the day for the New Organ Fund and General Choir Fund.
Preacher,—the Rev. Father Bisco S. S. J. E.

The musical portion of the Special Service held at the St. John's (Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba, last Monday evening on the occasion of the re-opening of the Chancel after alterations will be repeated tomorrow evening. The band of the North Staffordshire Regiment will accompany the Choir which as before will be conducted by Mr. Seymour Hove, the Church organist. Mrs. Ernst will take the solo part in the Anthem "Lord how manifold are Thy works."

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
(Waudby Road.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service (St. Andrew's Church).
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Class.
6 p.m.—Evening Service. Rev. Alex. S. Crichton.
Hymns—379, 2 and 191.
Psalm—21-7-10.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

8 a.m.—Litany., Holy Communion and Sermon.
4-30 p.m.—Service for the Young.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral).—Preacher Rev. Father Bisco.
10 a.m.—Children's Service.
10-15 a.m.—Matins.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral)—Preacher Rev. Fr. Nicholson.
Alms for Church expenses.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—212, 321 and 298.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—220, 191, 264 and 21.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.
(Madras Time.)

8-30 a.m.—Choral, Celebration of the Holy Eucharist and Sermon.
Hymns—312, 311 and 321.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—121, 172 and 122.

BOWEN MEMORIAL METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
(Apollo Bunder.)

9-15 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
11 a.m.—Divine Service.
6 p.m.—Divine Service. Preacher, Rev. L. E. Linzell.
All Seats free and Strangers cordially invited.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—154, 419, 242, 221 and 255.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—286, 370 and 31.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH
(Church of Scotland.)

11 a.m.—Morning Service.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Psalm—122. Tune 142.
Hymns—143, 175 and 272.

WESLEYAN CHURCH,
(Colaba Causeway.)

8 a.m.—Parade Service, Preacher Rev. E. Gearey.
Hymns—646, 490, 523 and 972.
6 p.m.—Evening Service. Preacher, Rev. E. Gearey.
Hymns—646, 811, 277 and 658.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
8-30 to 9-30 p.m.—Social Hour.
(Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens, Byculla.)
9-30 a.m.—Preacher, Rev. E. E. Gearey.
Hymns—646, 811, 277 and 658.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Preacher, Mr. H. Chidley.

ST. PETER'S ARMENIAN CHURCH.

8 a.m.—The feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mary—Holy Mass.

SIR EDMUND and Lady Verney's grandson, Christopher Verney Salmon (son of Major and Mrs. Salmon), was one of the prize-takers in the baby show held at Steeple Claydon, Bucks. There were twenty-nine entries, and the babies were held in the arms of their mothers, Mrs. Salmon being seated on the platform among the rest. The show was held in connection with the village fete in aid of the parish church.

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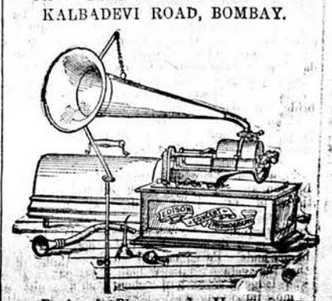

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Colour-Sergeant Instructor Jno. Howarth, Cheshire Regiment, Chester, writes:—"I suffered from Rheumatism in my arms and legs for over five years. I also had a bruised shin bone, through which I could rest only for a few minutes at a time. All sorts of remedies were applied, but none did any good for more than a few days. After a while I was recommended to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I did, and on taking the first bottle I felt relief. I therefore continued with this excellent medicine, and it effected a perfect cure. This was more than a year ago and I am pleased to say I have not felt the least pain since—in fact, I am in as good health as ever I was in my life."

"Moreover, I told two friends of mine who were laid up with Rheumatism of my case, and they tried 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' They are tailors by trade, and in seven days they were at work again. They say this medicine cannot be too highly praised.
"May 18, 1899."

Mr. George Price, St. Margaret's-on-Thames writes:—"I feel that I should write you a few lines in praise of Clarke's Blood Mixture. I have been suffering these last few years with Eczema and Blotches, which prevented me following my occupation, and I can safely say I have spent scores of pounds in all sorts of other medicines. A little while ago, however, I was advised by a friend of mine who has taken Clarke's Blood Mixture to try a bottle, and to my great relief I am a new man and able at the present time to go on with my business. It is now quite well. In fact, I cannot give it too much praise. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this testimonial for the benefit of others who may be suffering from the same complaint.
"December 2nd, 1899."

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M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

All sympathy is due to the players and playgoers of this country who hold the opinion with a pushing hand that the heroine of a Dickens' drama, performed in England, should be impersonated by an English actress. But the pretty Little Em'ly in Messrs. T. G. Warren and Ben Landeck's stage version of David Copperfield at the Adelphi is an English actress! It is true enough that Miss Madge Lessing was very well known in America before she made her appearance a few years back as one of the stars of Drury Lane pantomime. Yet it is equaly a fact that this bewitching little lady was born in England of English parents, so that her position at the Adelphi, apart from her rightful claim to it on the score of artistic efficiency, is filled at no sacrifice whatever of its sentimental requirements.

Miss Madge Lessing went over to the other side when she was a girl, and was put to school there by relatives who, like her parents at home, were in no way connected with the stage. The girl's scholastic career was one of continuous distinction in the arts of dancing, singing, and reciting. In all else, or in most else, she had no heart, and consequently, few marks, and so it was in perfect accord with this state of thing, though hardly the natural and only possible result of it, that at the end of a few years Miss Madge Lessing, a beautiful young lady of the poetical age, threw her lesson-books on an inaccessible shelf, and caught the acquaintance of life on the inner side of the stage-door.

The girl's enthusiasm for the stage supported her through the customary early trials, and, these over, the young actress saw before her the promise of a very satisfactory result of her choice of occupation. She was engaged by one of the first theatrical firms of New York to play the principal part in a comic opera, and at the end of this engagement was offered another of a similar kind at a higher salary. Soon the famous Belly of New York Company was formed, or partially formed, and the character of the fascinating Salvation lassie was specially prepared for her. But in consequence of being held to an agreement which claimed the services of her talents for a somewhat long period, Miss Lessing was unable to avail herself of the flattering offer made to her, and Miss Edna May was engaged in her stead. The clever young actress, however, was determined to visit the land of her birth as soon as her engagements allowed, and all loyal playgoers will recollect how quickly and fully she won the hearts of the great Boxing Night audience at Drury Lane, when she made her first appearance before her own countrymen and countrywomen as the bright particular star of pantomime. Successes in comedy, musical comedy, farce, and again pantomime followed and to these successes Miss Madge Lessing now adds her performance of Little Em'ly at the Adelphi.

In taking the part of Micawber, Mr. Harry Nicholls makes what is to him an absolutely novel experiment. Hitherto, both in pantomime and melodrama, the comedian has been given mere outlines of parts, to fill in at his own sweet will with business at rehearsals, and to develop in various direction during the run of the piece. It was a common thing with the critics, when giving an account of a new Drury Lane play, or a new Drury Lane pantomime, to write to the effect that no doubt Mr. Harry Nicholls would improve upon such and such a part night by night as the piece went on. In Drury Lane and Adelphi drama, Mr. Harry Nicholls was the comic relief, and the comic relief was Mr. Harry Nicholls; and in one particular drama at the Royal Oak it was called, I think—Mr. Nicholls, in the character of a servant to an Elizabethan courtier, actually went so far in the irresponsible development of his part as to make fun of the quaint exclamatory phrases of those spacious days!

But as Micawber, the famous comedian, has a responsible duty to fulfil. With the possible exception of Tony Lumpkin, which, I believe, Harry Nicholls once played about twenty years ago, this Micawber of his at the Adelphi represents his first shot at careful and consistent characterisation. He has to be the Micawber of Dickens, not the Micawber of Harry Nicholls. And no one will deny that the comedian works to this desirable end with thorough seriousness and sincerity, or that he achieves an excellent living sketch of one of the most familiar characters of Dickens' novels.

In referring to Mr. Harry Nicholl's old work at Drury Lane it was far from my intention to speak slightingly of the actor's own peculiar methods. The cabdriver's principle of "leave it to you, sir," was one which it often paid the dramatist to adopt when he handed over a part to Harry Nicholls. I remember his improving very greatly upon the dialogue of a character given out to him by the late Henry Pettitt, and one of the remarks he saved up for the first night of the drama, of which this character was the comic relief, was especially witty and successful. Nicholls appeared as a wealthy young gentleman with an ambition to shine on the music-hall stage. He had everything complete for the occupation but brains, and these he did not consider half so essential to the satisfaction of his ambition as the golden wherewithal to lead what he fondly fancied was an easy, rollicking irresponsible life. At the dress rehearsal of the piece, at which I was present by invitation of the late Sir Augustus Harris, the following dialogue, or something to its effect, occurred between Nicholls as the aspiring music-hall artiste and one of the other actors as I forget what:

Nichols (jauntily): I suppose you've heard I'm going on to the music-hall stage?

The Other: No! Have you got an engagement?

Nicholls (less jauntily): Well, not yet. But I've written in for one.

When the question of the engagement was put to him on the following night, he answered cheerfully, No. But I've got a brougham and a basket!

It comes to me from New York, concerning a comic opera called Dolly Varden, which will be produced by Mr. Frank Curzon at one of his London theatres on October 1st, that the story is entirely English, and belongs to the school of Dorothy and My Lady Mooly. Will it not, with such a title as Dolly Varden, belong also, no matter how slightly, to the school of Barnaby Rudge? The book of Dolly Varden is from the pen of Mr. Stanislaus Stange who was responsible for the Adelphi version of Quo Vadis?; the music, of which enticing accounts have reached me, is by a well-known American composer named Julian Edwards; and the principal character of the piece, taken by Miss Lulu Glaiser in the States, will in London be played by that graceful and most fascinating representative of the lighter stage, Miss Mabelle Gilman, who as a singer of dashing songs, and a dancer of lively dances, was much admired some seasons ago by the spectators of The Casino Girl.

Now is the harvest of the understudy. Record runs are knocking up the principals concerned in them, and holiday weather is tempting them to get out of their parts, and give some one else a chance. For ten months Miss Elilaine Terriss, in the character of sweet Phoebe, has been walking about Quality Street, and although the street is a delightful one, as most of J. M. Barrie's localities are the actress, after nearly a year of it, must have dearly longed for a change of scene and air. Mr. Seymour Hicks, too, would have known what to do with a holiday if he had taken one, but it would never have done for both him and Mrs. Hicks to remove themselves from the east at the Vaudeville at the same time, and so on the civilised principle of ladies first, Miss Terriss called in an understudy (all the way from San Francisco!), and walked out of the theatre.

The new Phoebe, Miss Irene Rooke, though still young and particularly girlish-looking—in this respect resembling the lady into whose tiny shoes she has temporarily fitted herself—is an actress of no very small experience. For two years she has toured in America as Mercia, the eventually devoured heroine of The Sign of the Cross; for a long and successful season, in the same new country, she has assumed the strikingly opposite character of Miladi, the much-branded beauty of The Three Musketeers; while her Amelia Sedley, in Becky Sharp, was for many months one of England's reasons why people went to the theatre in the hard times following the South African War. Miss Rooke is earnest and energetic in her studies, and her hard work was at one time responsible for her detention, with nerve prostration, in a Philadelphia hospital, where she spent the first idle month of her career as a professional. After her Becky Sharp engagement, Miss Rooke went out to San Farmcisco to see her husband, and it was while the two, who had been parted for some months by the demands of their separate duties were talking over a plan they had for working together in the same country, that a cable arrived from England asking Miss Rooke to return immediately and take up Miss Elilaine Terriss's part in Quality Street.

It used to be Mr. Cecil Raleigh's habit to keep the title of his latest play, a secret from the anxiously inquisitive world until within a few nights of the drama's production. But, other times, other manners. To-day it is anything but fashionable for dramatists to rush headlong away from publicity, and so already we are told that the Autumn piece of Drury Lane is to be a new and original spectacular melo-farce entitled. The Flood Tide, and that one of the sensational scenic effects provided by Mr. Arthur Collins will realise Frith's famous picture, The Railway Station. With the Flood Tide at hand to be turned to artistic account, no doubt Mr. Collins will provide a companion Frith in a realisation of The Seaside. Thereis, at all events, is an idea for Mr. Cecil Raleigh to ponder over as, mounted upon his restless tricycle, he cautiously goes upon his apprehensive way of a morning round the Inner Circle of Regent's Park.

The Tottenham District Council has decided to advertise for a lady health inspector to "visit from house to house under instructions from the medical officer, drawing the attention of mothers to the necessity for keeping the house and its surroundings clean, giving advice as to the rearing of children, and the nursing of the sick, and distributing and explaining handbills on the prevention of infectious disease." The salary is £80 a year.

The Paris Gil Blas publishes an article in which M. Jean Carrere says there is one man in Europe who at present deserves the title of peace-maker—the King of England. Since his accession he has brought about peace in South Africa, tranquility in Ireland, and sympathy between France and England. He has accomplished all this simply by the skilful management of requirements and interests.

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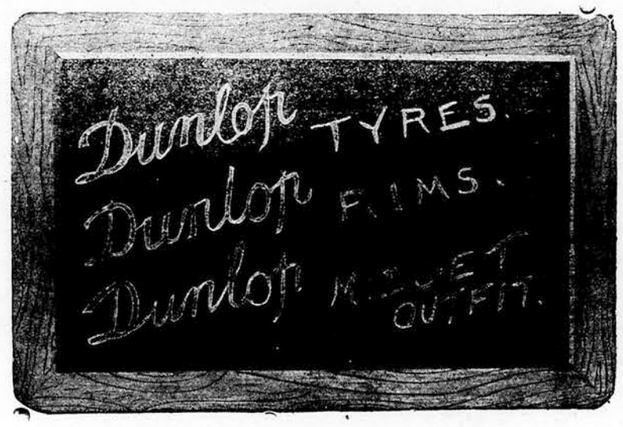

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EVERY WATCH ADJUSTED TIMED AND WARRANTED.

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THE "DOUBLE CRYSTAL" WATCH.

This watch as the name implies has not only a glass in front, but an extra strong crystal Glass covering the movement, this secures compactability and at same time makes action of the watch visible, enabling you to ascertain at a glance whether it is performing correctly without the inconvenience of opening back, when dust and damp with their attendant evils are invariably introduced. This unique departure is, therefore, an assistan t the ac curate time-keeping and durability of the watch.

Strong keyless LEVER movement nicely finished and jewelled. Compensation Balance in dust and damp proof fitting cases.

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COMPLETE IN CASE
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Sterling Silver Crystal face, Rs.		40
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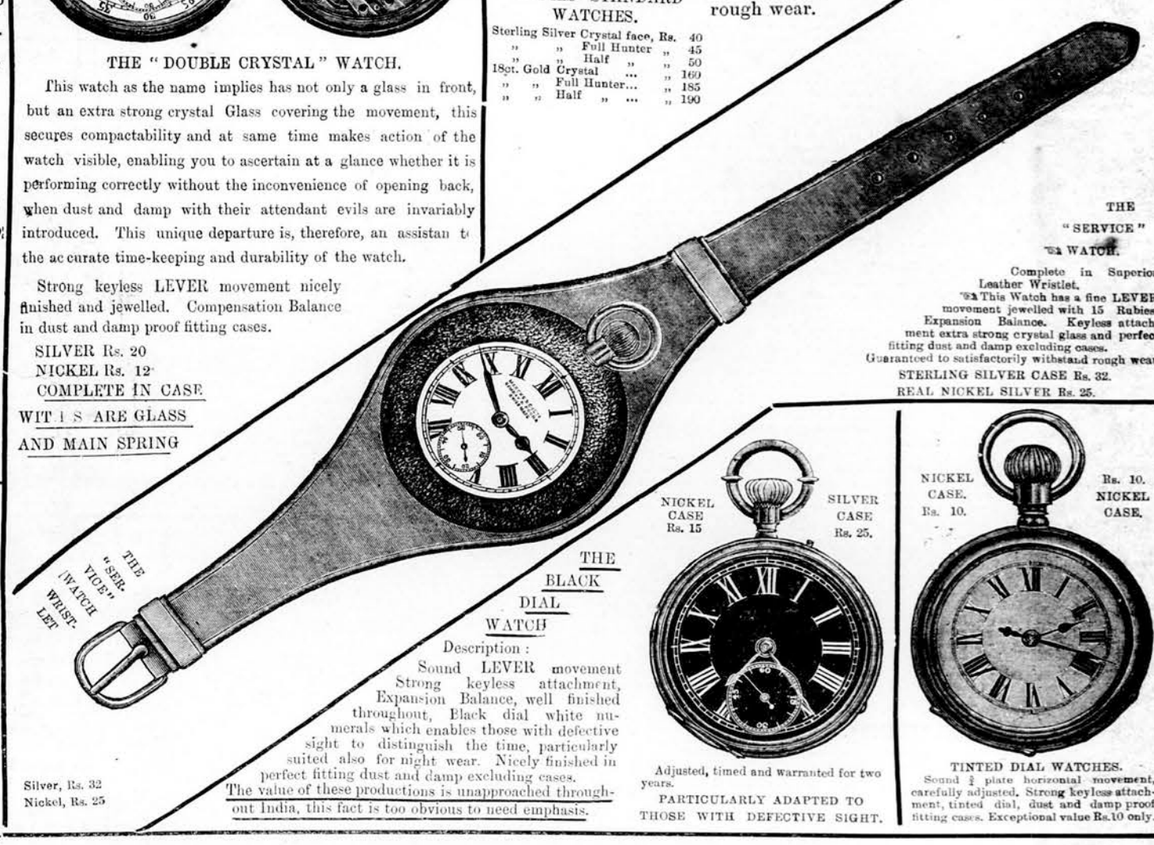

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Description:
Sound LEVER movement Strong keyless attachment, Expansion Balance, well finished throughout, Black dial white numerals which enables those with defective sight to distinguish the time, particularly suited also for night wear. Nicely finished in perfect fitting dust and damp excluding cases.
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NICKEL CASE. Rs. 10.

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TINTED DIAL WATCHES.
Sound ¼ plate horizontal movement, carefully adjusted. Strong keyless attachment, tinted dial, dust and damp proof fitting cases. Exceptional value Rs.10 only.

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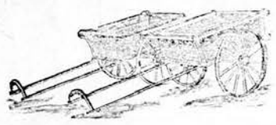

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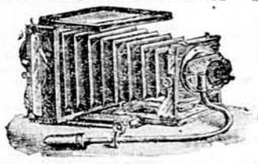

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THE MERIDIAN WATCH CO.'S WATCHES.

IN every civilized country, with the present needs of life and increased business activity, a good, durable and absolutely reliable Time-keeper is an article of actual necessity. Bad or indifferent Watches, made only for show, may meet the wants of ignorant or poor people; but even amongst this class, a better article, which can be thoroughly relied on, is gradually replacing the Watch usually found in the Bazaar which has hitherto been made only to sell and then put aside for its quality as a Time-keeper has been tried and found wanting.

THE USEFULNESS OF A WATCH DOES NOT NECESSARILY DEPEND UPON ITS COST, AND TOO OFTEN THE PRICE ASKED DOES NOT REPRESENT ITS QUALITY. Therefore it must necessarily be to the advantage of purchasers generally to obtain accurate information, which will enable them easily to select a Watch of better make and most suitable for their requirements.

The manufacture of reliable and specially made Watches in Switzerland, such as those THE MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY has put before the public during the past few years, has gone through a radical change. Extensive buildings have recently been erected and an improved plant put in. With the aid of a large invested capital and "up to date" machinery of the most perfect accuracy, worked by competent Engineers and skilled workmen, the most perfect Watches have been successfully turned out. These Watches are greatly above the average and are put before buyers at prices within the reach of almost all classes. Every appliance that genius could devise and science suggest to make these Watches the most reliable and lasting has been made use of. Master minds in Mechanics have given their ripest thought to the perfection of the design and improvement of the parts. Special training in Horological Technical Schools has produced those who are masters of every phase of the finest machine work, and such men we employ continuously producing the various parts of our Watches, with the result that the MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY'S Watches are as near perfection as they possibly can be. We have paid particular attention to every part of the Lever Escapement as well as the Adjusting and Timing of each article turned out, to such a degree that further improvement can scarcely be looked for, and nothing passes out of our Factory that does not come up to the Standard we claim for our products.

In addition to their general utility, all Watches should have a neat appearance and be pleasing to the eye. The taste of the better class of buyers in European countries is rapidly being acquired for Flat-shaped Watches, whilst signs are not wanting in India, that a demand exists for the same style, and this form of Watch must shortly supersede the clumsy articles so often put before the public. THE MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY'S Watches are being made in accordance with the modern taste for a flat or extra flat Watch which does not bulge unnecessarily in the pocket.

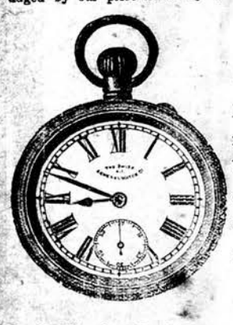
The whole Manufature of THE MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY'S Watches is carried on under one roof, that is to say, in one Establishment, where the rough metals, the steel and brass for the movements of the solid Nickel, and the Silver and Gold for the cases are selected, tested, and prepared for use, as well as the manufacture, finishing, timing and rating of the various qualities and styles. Each Watch has to go through about 600 operations before being ready for export, most of them being of extreme delicacy. Relative cheapness can, therefore, be accounted for by the economy which results from the employment of the most skilled labour and the perfect automatic machinery and tools used in every branch, and also by the great division of the work which permits a vast quantity of the same parts being turned out cheaply as well as with the highest degree of excellence in workmanship.

The cheaper makes of MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY'S Watches are regulated on 2 positions, viz, with "pendant up" and "dial up," whilst the higher grades are examined in 4 positions, variations being corrected before the Watches are allowed to pass out. The movements of this quality are fitted with Expansion and Compensating balances, Breguet hair springs and Philips curves which secure exact timing within a few seconds in the various positions in which they are tested.

Lastly, but not least, we are manufacturing for the most exacting amongst our Constituents, a very high class Watch accompanied by an Observatory Certificate, Class A, testifying by recorded notes and independent witnesses as to the real value of each of these Watches.

We take special pride in trying to perfect our manufactures, whilst experience and long residence in India has made it clear to us that another great improvement connected with the accurate time keeping of Watches for long periods in this country has been realised by us, by the use of our specially made Watch-oil, for the lubrication of their active parts. THE MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY'S Watches may generally be relied on to go for 3 to 5 years before cleaning is necessary.

We claim that no better Watches have ever been offered to the public in this country, whether judged by our price list or by all-round attractiveness than those now being sold.



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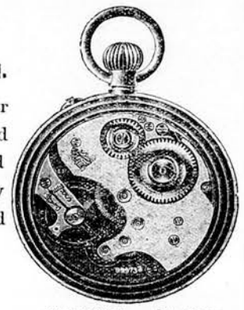

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As soon as one of the VARALETTES is dropped into water, or whisky and water, aerated water, or other liquid, it dissolves completely with brisk effervescence in a few moments.

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are not ordinary Effervescent Citrate of Lithia Tablets, but a special combination of Lithia Salts made only by us, and far more effective than any other preparation for the cure of Gouty Affections.

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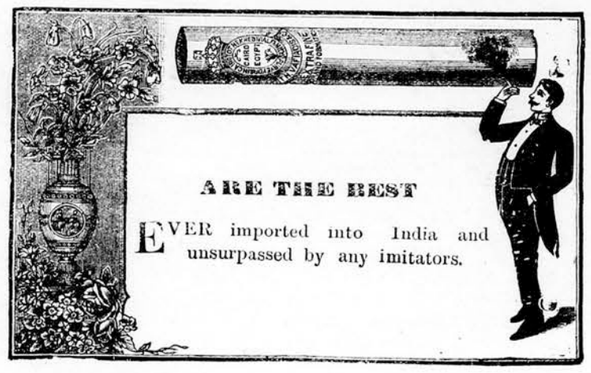

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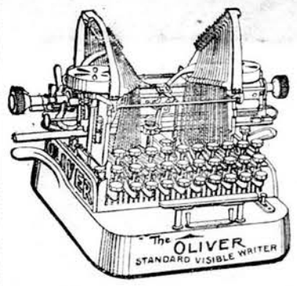

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